Personals.

Mr. Wood Huffman, Cave City, was here last week.

Miss Susan Miller is spending week in Louisville.

dinna, prospecting.

Mr. W. S. Knight was here from Jamestown Thursday.

Mr. Paul Giideweii, of Bakerton attended the chatauqua.

Mr. E. C. Reaves, of Glasgow, was

in Columbia a few days since.

Miss Louise Baird, of Louisville, is visiting Miss Frances Reed. Mr. J. A. Young finished at Lynch

last Tuesday and returned home. Mr. Paul Hughes and wife, of Missouri, arrived Monday afternoon.

Mr. Ed Bradshaw, traveling salesman. reached Columbia Monday.

Eld. R. T. Hickerson, of Burkesville was here a few days of last week.

Mr W. E. Bradshaw arrived last Monday afternoon, from Louisvlile. Mr. Ralph Garnett, one of our best

young men, left to join the navy Monday.

Mr. Herbert Taylor, of Campbellsville, was here a day or two of last Miss Allene Ritchey, of Burkesville,

is visiting her sister, Mrs. John Lee J. C. Stephenson. M. C. Stepheson

Rowena. Dr. W. B. Helm and his daughter,

Miss Blanche, Greensburg, were here Young returned from Lynch Ky., last Sunday.

ville, paid the News her first visit last the wane.

Columbia Zidney Coffey, who is located at one

of the camps, came in the lastter part of last week. Mr. W. E Morgan and daughter,

Miss Myrtie, Amandaville, attended the Chautauqua. Mr. Leonard Wilson and! Albert

Wilson, Jr., were with the Russeli Spring delegation. Mr. O. G: McBeath and Mr. J. L.

Murphey, of Danville, were here a few days of last week.

en route to Lebanon. Mr. Lester E. Pendleton who stationed at West Point was at home Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. B. H. Skaggs, County Attorney, of Green, and his wife attended the chautauqua last Friday.

Mr. Albert Rowe, and son, of Rowena, were here last Friday. His son was en route to the army.

turned home last week.

Mr. M. Cravens, came home from days at the Chautauqua.

Mrs. Maggie McCormick, of Bowling Green, is visiting at the homes of Mr. Simeon and Alfred Murreli.

Mrs. J. F. Cabeli and several of her children, of Miami, were here at the opening of the Chautauqua.

Texas, cousins of Mr. C. S. Harris, are who will be at home next Saturday.

visiting at the latter's home. Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Myers and son

Robt. Page; Mr. and Mrs. Cecil Ramsey came over from Monticello. Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Brockman and

their daughter, Mrs. John Parrish, Amandaville, were here Sunday. Profs. Romulus Skaggs, and Gar-

nett Graves, of Campbelisviile, were here Thursday of the chautauqua.

Mr. W. T. Selby and fourteen others came down from Esto in a truck and attended the chautauqua Sunday night

Miss Minnle Ingram, who teaches in Cumberland county, attended the in- days ago. He is in France, getting act terms made known on day of sale. stitute here, and also the Chautauqua along finely and says the country is

Mrs. W. F. Hanceck, Louisville, is home of her sister, Mrs. M. Cravens.

Mr. John Russeli, of Virginia, returned to Adalr county last week, and is at work on W. G. McKinley's farm.

Mr. Luke Lay, of Indiana, a former citizen of Columbia, was in this place last Wednesday, en route to Russell

Miss Ethel Powell, daughter of Mr. d Mrs. Theo Powell, Joppa, spent a

portion of last week with Miss Francis Strange.

Miss Rose Heyed and Miss Luttrell, teachers in Graded School, Jamestown, were here in attendance Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wheeler Short, Mr.

Somerset are visiting there aunts, Mrs. J. A. Young and Mrs. Ola Wilson. this week. ...

Mrs. Ray Montgomery, who spent six weeks with her mother, near Bowllng Green, returned home last Wednesday afternoon.

Rev. C. R. Payne and wife, Burkesville, visited at the home of Judge J. J. Simpson and attended the chau tauqua last week.

Mr. Waliace Benard, of Louisville, who spent ten days here with relatives and friends, left for his home the first of this week. Mrs. J. M. Campbell, mother of

Mrs. R. R. Moss. and her aunt, Mrs. Fertine, of Little Rock, Ark., arrived for a visit one day last week.

Dr. J. D Combest and wife, Mr and Mrs. W. R. Littreli, of Russell Springs, visittd in Columbia Thursday and attended the Chautauqua.

Gen. Jas. Garnett and his son, James. is spending a week in Columbia. The former came to look after some legal business and to mingie with friends.

Dr. and Mrs. W. F. Cartwright left Tenn. They will be absent ten days

Messrs. J. G. Eubank and J. W. Tuesday. They report that ac-Miss Frances Opai Taylor, of Glen- tivity at that place is somewhat on

Mrs. W. K. Marks and her son. of Springfield, and Mrs. Cravens and her father of Prof. R. R. Moss, visiting in son, of Louisville, were here last week illness for about one year He was to see Mrs Mary T. Harvey, who less than forty years old, unmarried,

> corps, Milbur whightueld, Ohio, came returned home with the view of going in last week on a furlough. He was to the mountains of Tennessee, but looking well and stated that he was he became too weak to make the trip. enjoying the life of a soldier.

> two daughters, Misses Josephine and brothers and sisters. Ellen: Mr. J. L. Hale and Miss Blanch Helm, Russeii Springs, were here Sun- afternoon by Eld. F. J. Barger, of the day and attended the chautauqua.

Mr. C. W. Alexander, of Burkesville, chshier of the Bank of Cumberland, Mr. Ailen Huddieston passed and daughter, Miss Ellen, Mr. C. W. through Columbia one day last week, Alexander, Jr., and wife, also of Burkesville, were here several days of the chautauqua.

Mrs. Frrnk Jackman and her little daughter, Hazel, and her two married drughters, Mrs. Gary Sanford and Mrs. Gumpton Graham, of Tampa, Fla., are visiting at the home of their

aunt, Mrs. Fetna Eubank. Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Mourning, of Macomb, Iii., arrived last week and stopped at the home of Mrs. Mourn-Mr. J. Press Miller, who spent a ing's sister, Mrs. N. M. Tutt. They month at Lynch, Harlan county, re- are former residents of the county and will visit here for several weeks.

his place of business and spent a few Mrs. S. F. Eubank, stationed at store freedom to these people, and I on a short furlough, Sunday night. ing their bit to bring this thing to an He is looking in fine health, and his end many friends were glad to see hlm.

Mr. John Morrison and his son Johny, Mr. Norman Morrison and Felix Royse, Hdqs. Co., 120, Inft., wife and Mrs Lawrence Pickett, went Am. Ex. Forces, via N. Y. to Lebanon Saturday to see Mrs Mr. L. F. Harris and wife, Maud, Morrison, who is in the infirmary, and

Miss Mary Williams, Cave City, visited here last week. She was accompanied home by Mrs. S. P. Miller, and Miss Mary Milier for a short visit, and from Cave City they will go to Nashville, thence to Fort Ogiethorpr

For Sale.

sow pigs and one Saxon runabout.

T. C. Fauikner, Burksviile and Giasgow streets.

Mrs. Pinkie Davis received a letter from her brother, Sam Jeffries, a few will be sold on 12 months time. Exdelightful

Ice cream supper at Pig Tail school house Friday night rain or shine. Every body invited.

There will be a Community moonlight ple supper at Dunbar school house Friday night, August 16.

Born, to the wife of Wm. Clark,

Rev. Capshaw Joins Navy.

Sometime ago Rev. O. M. Capshaw, who has been on the Jamestown circuit since last fall, tendered his resignation to Presiding Elder S. G. Shelly and it was accepted. The reason Jas. F. Irvine and sister, Miss Bettie, for his action is, that he enlisted in the Mr. L. C. Hindman has gone to In- of Bakerton, were here two days of Navy, as an officer, and will be sent to a training school at Chicago, 111., Misses Hazel and Fay Wilson, of where he will remain six months. At a number for the return of the Chauthe expiration of that time he will taugua in 1919 take his place on a naval vessel. To the good people of Russeii county he kind and generous treatment. He

> will not leave until August 30th. The Courier-Journal has the following to say of Rev Capshaw's action. Oscar Melvin Capshaw is a preacher near Jamestown. Since America declared war on the un-Christian country of the Huns he has been preaching the gospel of cleansing by "fire and sword." But somehow or other he wasn't content with preaching alone. aithough he has a wife and three children. His patriotism was of the higher order than the mere telling of another how to do things.

So yesterday he appeared to the navy recruiting station, 412 South Fourth street, and applied for enlistment The officer in charge asked him frankly if he had arranged for the proper maintenance of his household. The preacher replied by stating that he and his wife had talked It over and as she was an experienced teacher she was going to teach college while he "fought the good fight."

And so to-day the navy is enriched in their auto, Friday morning, to visit with another of the high type of men and Litt Ballou, were here from a daughter, who lives in Pikeville, that it wants—a fighter for the flesh as well as the soul.

The "fighting parson" has come into

Martin Loy Dead.

The subject of this notice died last Friday afternoon after a lingering and a good citizen. A few month ago he went to Oklahoma for his Robt. Bailey who is in the aviation health, gaining no improvement he

He was a brother of Mr. Asa Loy, Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Wilson, their this place, and he leaves several other

> The Funeral was preached Saturday Christian Church, the organization to which the deceased belonged. Many relatives and friends attended the last sad rites.

from a Soldier.

The following letter was written to the writer's home folks:

Dear Bome:-Your dear letter came to us the 1st of the week and was read with joy. Every one in my tent is always wishing for a letter from home. We are having as good a time here as could be expected. A good place to slept, and plenty to eat, but the French people are to be pitied. Any one who has never been here can't realize the hard times they are having and I am Leut. Aibia Eubank, son of Mr. and willing to give my life in heiping re-Camp Humphrey. Va., reached home know that every true American is do-

> I am on duty to-day. I havn't time to write much. My address is Pvt.

Hoping this will find you ali well. With love from

Felix Royse

Public Sale.

Saturday Aug. 10, 1918, I will offer at public sale to the highest bidder, at the Joe Henry Caidwell farm, near Portland, the following described property. 4 mares, 6 mules, 12 head of cattle, among the number some cows Three choice thoroughbred Duroc and calves. 77 head of hogs; sow and shoats from 100 lbs. down. Wagons, harness and farming tools of all kinds. 150 lbs of old corn and 2 extra good men saddles, also growing crop of corn. The principal part of this property

fall Adair county will have five hundred men in the service of "Uncle Caleb D. Caldwell, J. S. Breeding Auctioneer.

Young Akers Wounded in France.

Mr. E. E. Akers, who lives on Reed Bro's farm, near Columbia, received a list and reported in the News last message frome the Ajatant General, Monday, stating that his son, Leontif, pathy was also expressed for the Thursday night. It will be a patriotic ver for \$190. known here as True, was severely wounded on the 19th of July. He was (nee Miss Nell Antle), of Maulins, Ili., a Sniper and a crack shot All Adair comes stating that he is improving.

The Chautauqua.

The Community Chautauqua which entertained here from last Wednesday afternoon up to and including Sunday night, was all that its advertisements claimed, and our people and the many visitors were delighted with the various and high-class programs. So much so, that a contract was signed by quite

Nearly ali the exercises were patriotic in their nature and there was contenders his grateful thanks for their tinuous cheering throughout the week. Skilled musicians were here, and four lecturers, men of talent, entertained High School, and the future of these teacher who was in attendance will be daily and nightly.

Mr. Alexander Cairns came with a distinct message, entitled "Potsdam. support. nation," a war lecture, a message from "Uncle Sam." It was fuil of facts, interspersed with Irish humor, the speaker having been born of Irish parents, in Iriand He was followed by Dr. Robt. Parker Miles, who graphicaily told of his travels in Europe, giving short sketches of the dignataries met while over there. It was scholarly and at times very pathetic.

Miss Hettie Jane Dunaway, a reader of ability and of a pleasing personality, gave "Daddy Long Legs" Thursday evening. Those in the audience who had read the story were loud in their praise of the talented lady and with the accuracy in which the story was given. This piece was well worth the price of a season ticket.

James S. Knox came next with his iecture, "Community Efficiency." He told how to build up a town and he also had a valuable lesson for the farming element. His address was well received, and our community class school. would profit were it to adopt the maxims laid down.

On Sunday afternoon and evening Dr. George P. Bible told graphically graded and county schools, both as of his travels in Europe, having just returned from the front. He told producing a true and wholesome spirit how weil the government of the Unit- of patriotism, and that we pledge our ed States was caring for our boys in support to any effort of our National they when they were engaged in bat- boys in Military science. tle, doing the Huns, as has been their fortune since ships carried them over. He also told of the many horribie atrocites that had been perpetrated upon women, girls, and children by the unspeakable Germans.

Hans Jubilee singers, all colored people, upon the platform Sunday afternoon and Sunday night. They rendered songs in keeping with the day, thrilling the audience throughout.

Our people were delighted with the entire program and will doubrless be glad to learn that the same Chautau qua Company will be with us next next year, but in all probability a different set of entertainers, as they are

changed annually. It was financiai success.

Fertilizer.

I have been selling Globe Fertilizers for six years. It is one of the best Fertilizers on the market. I pick for the brands that I think will suit our saii. I buy it from the factory just as cheap as it can be bought by any union or any firm. I am willing to help you all I can to get your fertilizer as cheap as possible. I will sell to you for 5 per cent., on what it cost me. Make a good seed bed and use plenty of fertilizer. You can get the goods at my farm or near the Stevenson's Garage in Columbia or on the road or at the car. Ail plant food without worthless filler or useless waste.

A. B. Corbin, Columbia, Ky., Phone 113 I.

Adair County in the War.

Up to last Tuesday morning the lohad sent to the army three hundred at the old Johnston home near Milland thirty-three men, classed as fol- town. iows:

White men Colored 333 Total It is known that 58 have eniisted

391

Total In the next few weeks others will be called and it is likely that before

An official notification came to Mrs. Page, of Sparksville, last week, stating that her son, Willis E. Page, whose name appeared in the cosaulty week; was seriously wounded. Sym-

Dempsey B. Bault, Ben Wheeler July 24th, 1918, a daughter-Anna county will be glad if later news and Raiph Corbin, all of Knifley, joined the Navy last week.

mother.

Institute Resolution.

We the teachers of Adair cnunty, in Institute assembled, hereby resolve:

his sympathy and efficient administra- talks were delivered by visitors, many tion, and that we extend our thanks of whom were daily in attendance. to Prof. Burton for his very kindly Our local Superintendent made no attitude and helpfui instruction dur- mistake in employing Prof. A. C.Burlng the institute, and also to Prof. ton, of the Bowling Green State Nor-Darneii for his very helpful work in mal, to conduct the institute. He is leading the singing.

National Government to conserve food dions voices among the teachers. and to provide funds for the Red that we will do all that we can to ed- to be congratulated. ucate the people in these matters, that they may more clearly know their duty, and more freely give to these needs.

Fourthly, that we extend our thanks to Prof. Ballard, Judge W. W. Jones, Atty. J. R. Garnett and others for their splendid addresses.

Fifthly, that we favor, because it is just, some provision be made to increase the teachers' saiary in proportion to the increase of salaries in other vocations, and the Increase in

Sixthiy, that the saiary of the teachers in the Emergency schools should be, not less than \$45 per month or the equivalent to the salary of a second

Seventhly, that we realize the value of military training in our schools, wherever possible, especially in our means of physical education, and of the trenches and how happy were or State governments to train our

Prof. R. V. Bennett. Prof. R. R. Moss, J. V. Dudley, J. A. Jones,

W. G. Aaron. Committee

The wiii of the late R. F. Paull was probated in the Adair County Court last Monday. He makes the following devises:

Will Probated.

To his wife he gives the home and ali the its contents, and one-half of his personal property, incluning his Packet car at \$2,000; 40 shares in the Bank of Columbia at \$250 to rhe share. To Fred Hili 40 shares in said bank 37-tf. and one half of the drug store building. To H. F. Hill, thirty shares ln the Monticello Banking Compang. To the children of T. E. Paulli one thousand dollars each To his sister, Mrs. Katle McClusky, \$3,000. To Crockett the Chautauqua. She sold ninety. Pauli one thousand dollars. To the eight dollars worth, and Miss Margarissue of C H Pauli one thousand dol- et Patteson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. lars To the issue of Jas. R. Paull, one thousand doilars. To Hattie Fur-

gerson, \$100, held in trust. The residue of the estate is to be equally divided in two parts, one of the parts is to be paid to the children of T. E. Paull. This is in addition to the above bequest. The other onehalf to be paid to the sister, Hattie

McClusky. He named Fred Hill as executor of

Public Sale.

Geo. M. and R. H. Johnston, having been drafted into the U.S. Army, I will sell the following preperty as cal Examining Board of this place their agent on Saturday Aug. 3, 1918,

> 3 brood mares. 3 good work muies. 2 yearing colts 1 two year old. 1 good milch cow.

20 head of hogs. Terms 12 months with good security. Joe E. Johnston.

S. Breeding, auctioneer. 40-2t

Eld. H. Gordon Bennett closed a very successful meeting at Beech Grove church, near Rowena, Russell county. There were twenty-cwo additions to the Church up to last Tuesday. This week he is in a meeting at Irisli Bottom, below Creelsboro.

Remember that Draft No. 258 wiii play and an immense audience is ex-

Senator James' carried the county over Kimball by a large majority.

The Institute.

The Adair County Institute closed its session last Friday at the noon First, that we express our apprecia- hour. It was largely attended tion to our able Superintendent for throughout and many interesting

an educator of wide reputation, and Second, that we heartily endorse the he imparted much valuable informagood and efficient work done in past tion to the teachers, and if his inyears by the L. W. T. S., and County structions are closely followed, every institution being now brighter than greatly benefitted, and their pupils ever, we pledge to them our hearty more rapidly advanced. Inspiring music, led by Prof. Joel Darnell, was Thirdly, that we are in perfect sym- rendered at each session, and it depathy with all efforts put forth by our veloped that their were many melo-

The gathering was a complete suc-Cross work and war expenses, and cess and Superintendent Noah Loy is

Died at Frankfort.

Miss Pearl Nell. who was a native of Adair county, a most excellent young woman, a daughter of the late Dr. E. M. Nell, and a half sister of Mrs. G. W. Staples and Mrs. J. G. Eubank, this place, died at 4 o'clock last Saturday morning. Her death brought sorrow to many homes in Columbia where she was held in the

highest esteem. The funeral and interment was largely attended. This town is in sympathy with the distressed brother and sisters.

Change in Louisville Firm.

Mr. Geo. R. Miller, brother of Mr. Henry N. Miller, this place, who was one of the firm of Tinsley, Miller & Co., candy manufacturers of Louisville, sold his interest in the concern a few days ago, and for the next four weeks he will be in Columbia. Mr. Miller has been in rather poor health for the past few months, but he thinks he is rapidly regaining his former activity. He does not expect to embark in business this year.

For Sale.

Ford truck in first-class condition. Ton and a haif capacity. A bargain if sold at once. Equipped with Bosch magneta and new tires.

Omer Barbee.

young & Hutchison.

For Sale. Ohio River Salt, 7 bushel barrels. \$4.85 per barrel.

Miss Lucile Winfrey, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Winfrey led the young girls in selling season tickets to J. F. Patteson, was a close second.

For Sale.

Pure bred Duroc Jersey pigs. J. A. Williams.

Mr. R. S. Snow, Urich, Mo., in enciosing a check for \$1.50 for the News, states that he will again visit his old home county in 1920 if not sooner. He also states that his section has been very dry for eight months, but a good rain fell on the 26th of July.

Over one hundred teachers were enrolled at the institute, held last week. Out of that number there only twenty male teachers. Heretofore there have been about fifty. The war has made a big break in the line of the young men of the county.

Mr. Tom Patteson and Mr. Alvin Lewis, this place, will enter the service of the government. They have been called to report in Indianapolis August 15, for automobile duty.

Certificates for sugar will be given in the future for 10 pounds and no more. Persons who want to make purchases will apply to A. H. Bailard local Food Administrator, or call him by phone.

Sam Burdette bought 152 year old mules in Marion and Washington counties, at \$125 to \$200 per head. He be at the Paramount Theater next also sold a horse mule to Frank Toli-

> A heavy rain feli above Gradyville Monday of last week. Big Creek got out of its banks and crops were badly

FOR SALE The Jeffries Realty Company.

Acres, three miles, from Columon upper Greensburg road, 1 mile from school, good peach orchard, new barn, fairly good fencing. Price good soil and level land, well watered, Excres timber, good five-room house, \$ 38x40 feet, good fencing, 15 acres in grass. Price \$2,750. Easy terms.

The best bargain yet offered in idzir county land. 75 acres 3 miles rom Columbia, on new Stanford pike, 300 yards from school house, 2 mile from postoffice, store and blacksmith . strop, finest water on earth, good oreleard, limestone soil, 20 acres timber, good six room dwelling house, and one-half cash, balaccorde and two years. This farm * 33 500 bought for \$3,500.

& Acre lot in town of Columbia, woom, modern dwelling, good barn and other buildings, good water, house wired for electric lights, on best street & Calumbia. \$1,000, cash.

LES Acres for \$3,500, one-half cash, is ance in one and two years Etris form is located in Russell county mines from Jamestown, the County set. Good house and good fencing acres in timber, 55 acres in fine balance in fine state of cultiva-Two miles from Russell Springs.

Acres for \$2,200.00. This is one of the best small farms in Adair county, mile from two churchs and school. Secres timber, good orchard, fertile good water, level land, 8 room matdence barn 32x48, good fencing, Tre miles from Columbia, on James-Pike.

* FOR SALE-160 acres, seven miles drem Columbia, good roads, 1 mile church and school, 120 acres sterred, 40 acres timber, 15 acres fine Good dwelling house, good terent house, two good barns and ex-This farm can be accept for \$60 per acre, one third cash . suc balance in one and two years.

& solendld little farm of 79 acres calles from Columbia for \$2,000. This farm has on it a good house and and 14 acres of timber, all well Tenced. The place is 1 mile from post misce, church and school.

BARGAIN AT \$10.000.

Acres, two and one-half miles Columbia, near Campbelisville gitte, good orchard, 50 acres timber, greed residence, excellent fencing, 65 access good grass, 65 acres in clover, Exectone soil. This land is uniformly level and tractor can be used on every foot of the farm. This is the best bargain at \$10.000 in Kentucky.

FOR SALE at BARGAINS-A can buy these Farms and Pay for adjoining counties. See me be there in two years at the present mices of tobacco.

Acres on new plke now under construction, one mile from church, and one-half miles from Columbia Togestone soil, good water, 100 acres tember, 60 acres fine bottom land, good houses, two tenant houses, barns, good fencing, possession

Jan. 1st. 1919. The price of this farm | Residence Phone 13 B is \$8,500.

190 Acres one mile from Columbia DR. between Jamestown and Somerset roads, good orchard, limestone soil, soft water, one third in timber, fairly level, 30 acres bottom, brick residence,

A farm of 42 acres, three miles from Columbia, for \$906. This nice little farm is on the Greensburg pike, good limestone soil, close to school and church, nice residence and good barn. This is a bargain and can be paid for out of one crop of tobacco.

Four acres in town of Columbia, seven room, modern residence, good cellar' splendid fencing, two good barns. Price \$2,800.

We have listed many other good propositions in both farms and town

C. G. JEFFRIES REALTY CO.

- - - Kentucky.

COBURG, KY.

Is prepared to do all kinds of Repairing on Ford Cars. Tubes, Tires, &c., kept on hand.

Vulcanizing a Specialty.

H. Jones

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist

Special attention given Diseases of all

Domestic Animals

Office at Residence, 1 mile of town, on

Jamestown road.

Phone 114 G.

Columbia, Ky.

DENTIST

Am permanently located in Co. lumbia.

All Classes of Dental work done. Crow dge and Inlay work a Specialty All Work Guaranteed

Office:—next door to post office.

WELL

I will drill wells in Adair and fore contracting. Latest improved machinery of all kinds.

J. C. YATES

me a Call.

15 Years Practice

DENTIST

Office. Front rooms in Jeffries B'l'd'g

up Stairs. Columbia, - Kentucky

Consultation Fre

James Menzies

OSTEOPATH

Butler B'l'd's on Public Square. COLUMBIA KY.,

FOR SALE

Farm of 167 acres well Located. Apply at

TIMES OFFICE,

Glasgow, Ky.

Dr. Elam Harris

DENTIST

OFFICE 164.

Residence 123-K. OFFICE: Second Floor

Cor. Main and Depot Sts. CAMPBELLSVILLE, KY.

Local and General Anesthetics Administered

To Stone Cement Contractors.

We will, as soon as practicable, let a contract for the construction of a stone and concrete dam, 85 feet long by 12 feet high across Russell's creek one mile below Columbia. Any con tractor interested in bidding on this work call on Farmers Mill Co., Columbia, Ky.

For Sale.

One Fairbanks-Morse, 6 H. P. Gasoine Engine, Horizontal. In firstclass condition. A bargain. Also one four horse power, upright

Apply at News Office.

I keep on hands a full stock of coffins, caskets, and robes. I also keep Metallic Caskets, and Steel Boxes and Pump Repairing Done. Give two hearses. We keep extra large caskets. Prompt service night or day. Residence Phone 29, office phone 168. J. F. Triplett,

Columbia, Ky,

the voice of duty calls,

They're alert and true to dare and do no peril our lads appals. With true Yankee grit they will do their "bit" through stormiest battle scenes. And the Teuton shell that was made in hell has no terror for our Marines.

Away in the front where the battle's brunt is winnowing men like chaff American lads, the sons of their dads, keep fighting right on and laugh! Oh, they've hearts of steel, no fear do they feel for the Teuton's flery

"screens" Or his poison guns, and they'll get the Huns, for they are our own Ma-

Then, here's to the boys, America's joys, to our gallant lads in France! the Stars and Stripes, the immortal types of Democracy's advance! To the men who know how to meet the

foe and who show what courage Uncle Sam is proud of that fearless crowd, the magnificent Marines! -John E. Barrett in New York Sun.

Knowledge, Without Love of Nature Does Not Stick, Says an Authority on the Subject.

"Once started in pursuit of nature lore, we are pretty sure to keep on," says John Burroughs in the Century Magazine. "When people ask me, 'How shall we teach our children to love nature?' I reply: 'Do not try to teach them at all. Just turn them ioose in the country and trust to luck.' It is time enough to answer children's questions when they are interested enough to ask them. Knowledge without love does not stick; but if love comes first, knowledge is pretty sure to follow. I do not know how I first got my own love for nature, but I suppose it was because I was born and passed my youth on the farm, and reacted spontaneously to the natural objects about me. I felt a certain privacy and kinship with the woods and fields and streams long before the naturalist awoke to self-consciousness within me. A feeling of companionship with nature came long prior to any conscious desire for accurate and specific knowledge about her works. I loved the flowers and the wild creatures, as most healthy children do, long before I knew there was such a study as botany or natural history. And when I take a walk now, thoughts of natural history play only a secondary part; I suspect it is more to bathe the spirit in natural influences than to store the mind with natural facts. I think I know what Emerson means when he says in his fournal that a waik in the woods is one of the secrets

Mother's Cook Book

No talent will enable us to do any work without drudgery, but no childishness must tempt us to give it up because it is hard. No work can be well done by anyone who is unwilling to sacrifice ease to its accomplishment.

Save Sugar.

Before the war Germany, Austria-Hungary and Russia produced 57 per cent of the total supply of beet sugar, about one-third of the entire sugar supply of the world. With the withdrawal of sugar exports of these heavily producing countries it is easy to see why the alies' supply of sugar has shrunk. The one thing we can do in this country is to increase our production and decrease our consumption, to change our sugar habits until the war is over.

In practically ail dishes requiring sugar some other sweetening may be substituted. The sweetening power of sirups varies somewhat, so that will have to be taken into account. Honey is about as sweet as sugar, but when it is used the liquid in the dish will need to be decreased. Maple sirup is sweeter than sugar and corn sirup less sweet. When substituting sirups for

sugar decrease the liquid one-fourth. Dried fruits of various kinds, when added to any cereal or pudding decrease the amount of sweetening needed.

Coconut Drop Cookles.

Cream a half cupful of fat, add one cupful of corn sirup, a fourth of a cupful of sour milk with a fourth of a teaspoonful of soda added, a third of of a teaspoonful of salt, one cupful of buckwheat flour, one-half cupful of corn flour, a third of a cupful of coconut, a teaspoonful of vanilla, and a teaspoonful of baking powder sifted with the flours. Drop by spoonfuls on a greased tin. Bake in a quick oven.

Peanut Butter Cookles. Mix the following ingredients in the order given: Six tablespoonfuls of fat, one-fourth of a cupful of peanut butter, one cupful of molasses, one-fourth cupful of sour milk, one-half teaspoonful of soda, one teaspoonful of baking powder, and three and one-fourth cupfuls of buckwheat flour, or sufficient to make a mixture stiff enough to roll. Roli,

cut and bake in a moderate oven. Maple sirup cooked with a cupful of sour cream until waxy, and added to half cupful of broken nut meats, hickory, walnut, butternut or pecans, is a delicious filling for cake. If frosting is desired boil the maple sirup and pour over the beaten white of the egg,, beating until thick before placing on

the cake.

Florida contains about 4.000.000 acres of land waiting to be reclaimed by drainage.

Can Fruits From Summer's Plenty

Prepared by the U.S. Department of Agriculture



Team Work in Canning Justifies a Vision of Pantry Shelves Groaning Under Well-Filled Jars.

ply many desirable desserts for win- other ways. ter, and with little trouble. Practically all fruits can be canned at home

other products. Canned fruits preserve most of the own family. delicate flavors and succulence of fresh fruits and are the nearest submineral substances very useful in keeping the body in condition.

Do not cook or handle fruits in gal-

color and flavor which it would have the jar. if packed in sirup. The use of even a a more attractive finished product than can possibly be obtained by cancost of containers. Fruits canned dark, cool, dry place.

Those luscious berries, peaches, cher- | without sugar or with the addition of ries, figs, and other fruits, so abund- a very small amount of sugar may be ant this summer, can be made to sup- used for pie fillings, desserts and in

Fruits for home use can be canned with corn sirup or refiners' sirup in in ordinary canners or in a large ves- place of part of the sugar ordinarily sel with tightly fitting cover. In fact, used. Sirups with a distinctive flavor fruits are easier to can than most veg- add sweetness, but also, of course, etables. They are prepared more change the flavor of the canned fruit. quickly and need to be bolled in the A little experimenting in handling jars only once and generally for a fruits should enable a housewife to shorter time than is necessary to can develop various combinations of fruits and sirups which are pleasing to her

Caution: Fruits canned with plain water or with other than sugar sirup stitute for fruits fresh from bush or should not be sold until the jars have. tree. They are very valuable in the been labeled to comply with local and winter diet. They supply acids and federal requirements as to description of contents.

How to Can Fruit

Boil empty jars and lids for at least vanized vessels. The frult acid at- fifteen minutes before you fill them tacks the zinc coating and makes the with the fruit. Rubber rings just beproduct dangerous to health and spoils fore being put on the jars should be cleansed by dipping for a minute into Fruits Can Be Canned Without Sugar. | a quart of boiling water in which a Don't let cost or difficulty of obtain- teaspoonful of cooking soda has been ing sugar deter you from canning dissolved. Take the jars out of the quantities of fruit this year. Fruit water bath, drain quickly and fill, can be canned without sugar. Instead | while still hot, with the fruit prepared of using sirup, simply fill the cans as described below. Fill the jar with with clean hot water and process in a hot sirup or hot water. Put on the water bath. The fruit will not spoil, lid but do not seal absolutely tight. but, of course, will not have the fine so as to allow for expansion inside

Put the partially sealed jars, while thin strup in canning fruits will give still hot, into a hot water canner provided with a false bottom of siats or wire mesh. Do not put cold jars into ning in water. If sugar is not avail- hot water-or boiling water into coid able, it will be well to consider drying | jars—they'll crack. Boil (process) the the fruits instead of canning, since a filled jars for the time specified in the good dried product is far better than recipes, counting from when the water a poor canned one. The importance in the canner begins to boil again. of canning in less water should be Remove jars; seal airtight; when stressed this year because of the high cold test for leaks and store in a

் ந்கைக்கைக்கைக்கைக்கைக்கைக்கைக்கு General Foch's Great Army SWAT THE ROOSTER

of them spoil, eggs seil much cheaper phia Telegraph. than they ought. The rooster makes the eggs fertile.

hinders. Hens will probably lay more ica, 1,000,000 men on the battle front. eggs without the heip of the roosters. Then why keep the roosters over the summer? There is no reason at all. When the produce man buys eggs in

is there a loss on the price, but the eggs are lost. That means waste. Infertile eggs will not spoil. If they are kept cool, they will keep fresh for a iong time. The fertile egg spoils because the germ of the egg begins to de-

That brings the price down. Not only

velop. But there is no germ in the infertile egg. Therefore, swat the rooster. Keep clean nests for the hens. Gather the eggs often. Market eggs twice a week, at least.

Near-Tobacco Kills Teutons.

And again, swat the rooster!

The tobacco substitute supplied to the German army has proved more injurious than enemy gas attacks, Deputy Mueller of Meiningen asserted in the reichstag recently. The substitute is composed of beech leaves, says the Koelnische Zeitung. On behalf of the army administration Gen. von Oven admitted that further delivery of the substitute had been stopped.

Garden Army Flag.

A service flag for the United States school garden army, to be displayed in homes of nearly 2,000,000 boys and girls who volunteered to aid in food production, has been designed. The flag bears a crossed rake and hoe, with the letters U. S. S. G. in blue on a field of white with a red border.

A fireproof varnish has been devised for use in the fabrication of airplanes.

Numbers Seven Million Men.

General Foch commands the largest Many summer eggs spoil. They spoil single army under one man in all hisbecause they are fertile. Because many tory, observes a writer in the Philadel-

The French have under arms nearly 4.000,000 men. The English army in he does not help to get more eggs. He | France is at least half of that. Amer-

General Foch on one front and moving in the same direction. Hindenburg does not have that many summer, he allows for rotten eggs. on any one line or in any one army. Napoleon's largest army was 600,000,

There will be 7,000,000 men under

and he never had over 1,000,000 soldiers in uniform in his empire. Grant had 1,000,000 under his com-

mand during the last year of the Civil

Wellington's largest army was under 100,000. Von Moltke did not have in any one army in the Franco-Prussian war a

commands of Hindenburg. Shoes to Support Arches.

quarter of the troops now obeying the

Two shoes have been patented to support the arches of their wearers' feet, one with a bracket extending forward from the heel and the other having a projection from the shanks to the ground.

Statistical Notes.

New York state in May had 80 fatalities in auto accidents. Camp Funston, Kan., is gardening 20,000 acres this year, employing interned kaiserites. Germany has limited the amount that prisoners may spend to \$15 a week for officers and \$12.50 for privates.

Mary Callahan is dead in Lock Haven, Pa., madhouse after 50 years' confinement there, costing the state \$6,022 for her

maintenance in that period.

9-9-9-9-9-9-9-9-9-

Traumatic Shock, Harvard Medical Expert Finds Far Most Deadly in Trenches

Men rarely die of shell shock but they have been dying at the rate of 20,000 a year in the English and French armies aione as a result of a far more deadly form of shock-traumatic shock, says the Atlantic Monthly. In fact, the latter is usually fatal when skilled assistance is not at hand. Dr. William T. Porter of the Harvard medical school has been sent into the front line trenches in France to study this strange enemy in action. Traumatic shock, he found, esually follows a serious fracture of a major bone like the hip bone or multiple wounds through the sub-cutaneous fat layer.

By experimenting with injecting olive oil into the veins of a cat Dr. Porter developed symptoms identical with those appearing in cases of traumatic shock, confirming his belief that fatty globules are released into the veins by certain wounds and these gradually clog up the hairlike capillaries of the brain until circulation ceases. Then began an interesting series of experiments in "the front line trenches in which Dr. Porter tried the experiment of giving carbon dioxide to freshly wounded men to prevent shock. The poilus were delighted with his tests and crowded around eagerly to watch the operation.

All of these details, together with many keen and humorous reactions of a trained observer in the war zone, are set down in Dr. Porter's recently published little book, "Shock at the Front." In fact, one well known critic insists that the book, far from being a mere medical treatise, is Prepared by the United States Depart rather "a giimpse of the war done in sharp stroke by a physician who has as pretty a technic with the pen as with the scaipei."

Keeping Books Aids Farmer in Ascertaining What Part

(By the United States Department of

Agriculture.) it costs them to live? Such informa- on the farm of poultry products for tion is extremely valuable, especially the cured and compact meats which it if the makeup of the cost is known, is desired to reserve as far as possible both as to money cost and the other for military use and shipment to the factors. To the farmer such data allies. should prove valuable, indeed, especially in determining what part of his several times as much poultry as is living comes from the farm.

ly kept, the household expenses are sus shows a very light consumption of easily assembled from the cash rec- poultry and eggs on the average farm. ord, inventory and record of supplies For the whole country the average used. Nothing in the realm of figures, yearly consumption of eggs per farm is more likely to astonish the average is only 137.5 dozen-2.6 dozen per farm family than a summary of the week; of poultry, 60 head-or one household costs. The farm furnishes bird every six days. The highest averthe family a house to live in, milk, age consumption of eggs in any state butter, cream, eggs, pork, fowls, fuel, is 211.2 dozen-four dozen a week. vegetables and fruit, and often a great. The highest average consumption of many other things. Yet the farmer poultry in a state is 124.6 head—one often does not think of all these un- bird in 2.9 days. Such averages indiless they are set before him. If he cate that farmers who use poultry and breaks even on the year he is likely eggs freely on their own tables use to think there is no profit in the busi- from six to ten dozen eggs and four to ness when, in fact, he may have been six head of poultry weekly. In view living much better than the average of the extent to which large flocks can city business man of like education, be made self-sustaining during the attainments and capital.

seen to be believed, but a well-kept poultry products would seem practical set of records, by adequate handling, generally, can be made to show them.

SMILES FOR ALL

Not a Thing.

with their new dances." "Well, Uncie Josh?"

"Tii admit they do give you a good excuse for liugging a girl, but at that was 29 cents a dozen; in October, Nothey ain't got nothing on the oid-fashioned kissing games."

The Jury Understood.



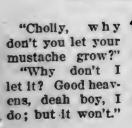
wasn't money we but the principle of the thing." "Why so?"

eight cents dam-

Heels Vs. Heads. "I suppose she's head over heels

in love?" "I think it is a case of heels over head this time. She is engaged to a tango fiend."

Not Hindering It.





Too Considerate. a fine stenographer you

have." "Yes," replied Mr. Cumrox. "But she's too deferential. I never pretended to be any great scholar, and sometimes she flatters me to the extent of trying to imitate my style of spell-

the coop? Kidder-Chickens

War Expenses Taking \$50,000,000 Each Day

Report for the Fiscal Year Shows Cost Near Fourteen Billion Mark

The government recently closed its books for the fiscal year—the first fiscal year in the war—and has opened new annual records. Cabinet members and other heads of departments will make reports to President Wilson covering their stewardship of funds and responsibilities for the year

In government financial history the year will go down as a period of expense hardly dreamed of a decade ago. More than \$12,600,000,000 is the pleasing to the Allies. actual outlay since July 1, 1917, to meet the multitude of big bills run up for the army, the navy, the shipbuilding program, airplane construction, coast defense requirements, other government activities, and the needs of the allies for American loans to finance purchases of war materials in this country. In peace times the government spent less than \$1,000,000,000 annually.

With the addition of the \$1,200,000,000 which the government spent in the three months of war preceding this fiscal year the war's cost in money to date has been \$13,800,000,000.

War activities are now draining about \$50,000,000 a day from the nation's public treasury, and in June the running expenses were greater than ever before, though loans to allies dropped to less than in any month since April, 1917, when the United States became a belligerent.

Eat More Chicken

Utilize Part of the Poultry Increase to Supply Meat for the Home Table

ment of Agriculture.)

As a matter of business foresight and economy, as well as of patriotism, farmers who increase their production of poultry and eggs this year should pian to use a considerable part of the increase on their own tables. Much of the benefit of increasing the supply of Living Comes From Farm of products capable of very rapid increase, but perishable and bulky, will be lost if producers adopt the policy of marketing aii the increase. In that How many people know just what case there would be no substitution

Many farm families could easily use now consumed on the average farm. If the accounts have been complete- Analysis of the figures of the last cengreater part of the year on most farms, All these things may have to be this liberal scale of consumption of

The consumption of eggs on farms may be greatly increased and farmers stiii receive the benefit of good prices for fresh eggs in the season of scant production and give consumers the benefit of a larger supply and more moderate prices, if all farmers who can do so wiii preserve as many eggs "The youngsters think they're smart when eggs are cheap as they can use at home when eggs are dear. The average farm price of eggs in the United States in April, May and June, 1917, vember and December, 38.7 cents. In 1916 the average difference in farm prices in the periods compared was 12.3 cents a dozen. There is a period "I fear I went of from five to six months in every too strong on that year when the average price of fresh eggs on the farm is about ten cents a dozen more than the average price were suing for, during the season of heavy production. Inasmuch as eggs can be preserved in water glass, or in time water, and kept in perfect condition for from six "The jury saw it to nine months, and usable for a year in that light, evi- or more, a farmer who preserves eggs dently. Gave us when they are cheap for his own use can use eggs freely the year round and still have eggs to sell all through the season of high prices.

Thirty-five Persons Lynched in U. S. First Half of Year

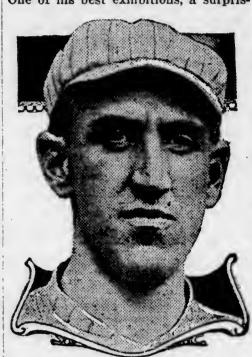
Thirty-five persons were lynched in the United States in the first six months of this year, according to announcement by the division of records and research of Tuskegee institute at Tuskegee, Ala. The total exceeds by 21 the lynchings for the first six months of 1917 and by ten the number during a similar period in 1916. Thirty-four of the 35 persons lynched were negroes. Three negro women were included. Eight lynchings occurred in each of the states of Georgia and Louisiana, seven in Texas, four in Tennessee, two in Mississippi and one each in the states of Aiabama, Arkansas, Fiorida, Illinois, North Carolina and South Carolina.

To Measure Day.

any time of the year may be easily ners to while away the time became ascertained by doubling the time of interested. They whittled for a purthe sun's setting for the length of the pose and made homemade driers. In m. Kidd-What caused Gaybird to fly day and doubling the time of its ris Kentucky alone 306,000 pounds of Mission Band the first Sunday ing for that of the night.

"Steamer" Demaree's Return To Form Has Proved a Life-Saver for New York Giants

The sudden return to form of A "Steamer" Demaree has been a life saver for the New York Giants. When John McGraw's pitching staff was on the verge of collapse Demaree came take off that title (culls) to life and with his effective twirling averted a rout by the opposing clubs. One of his best exhibitions, a surpris-



Al Demarce.

ing one, was given against the Cubs in New York. In that game he blanked the league leaders with four hits. He was unusually fast in that game and won it easily. He recently defeated after. the Boston Braves with four hits and caused Dick Rudolph to lose his initial battle of the year. Demaree has made it possible for the Giants to keep up their confidence and also to stay within reaching distance of first place.

Hawaiian Island Has More Than 43 Feet of Rainfall

The reputation of being the rainiest place in the world has long been enjoyed by the hill station Cherrapunji, on the slope of the Himilaya, in Assam. The latest official value, based on a 40-year record at the Cherrapunji station, is 426 inches per annum. Bianford, the well-known authority on Indian meteorology, thought that the mean in some places at Cherrapunji exceeded 500 inches, but nowhere amounted to 600 inches. So far as actual records go the rainfall on the Indian station is surpassed by that recentiy reported by D. H. Campbell of Stanford university, at Waialeaie, in the island of Kauai, Hawaii. During the years 1912-16, inclusive, the Hawaiian station, which is 5.075 feet above sea level, recorded the astonishing mean annual rainfall of 518 inches, or more than 43 feet.

French Inventor Provides Way to Get Coffee Extract

Under a recent French patent an integral coffee extract is obtained in the following manner: Powdered coffee is heated in a series of closed vessels to a heat lying near the roasting point, and it is traversed by a current of cold air or inert gas. Such air charged with aromatic particles is sent direct into another set of chambers holding a dry powder or extract of coffee, this latter having been prepared from previously treated coffee, which has been deprived of aromatic substances. Such dry extract is obtained by infusion, concentration, then evaporation and transforming to a dry powder. In this extract the aromatic substances are added.

How Whittling Saved Food.

Demonstrations of food drying spread last year over Kentucky as a part of the national food saving work, according to the U.S. department of agriculture, and in that state 1,800 homemade driers were constructed. Here is one reason: The home demonstration agents preached the need for drying so earnestly that many men The length of the day and night at who had been whittiing on street cordried products were saved last year. each month at 2 p. m.

Camp Meade Md.

Editor News:

July 20, 1918.

Now that we are located, will try to give a few lines to the Adair county people. First, we conflict is still progressing and from oversea's reports learn that past and present results are

All New York papers state officially, that the Americans 'over there' are reaping a bountiful harvest. But who would harbor any other thought. They have always made good, and we forecast that they will be the leading factors in bringing the Huns. (Representatives of Hades) to terms whice will be just to all mankind.

The socalled bunch of "Adair county culls" who left Columbia early on the morning of July 15th, have passed rigid examinations and classed with the fighting force. So you will please

The local board of Adair county will do well to get out immediately and find out why some of who claim they registered somewhere else, have not been allowto enter this great service for their uncle. We who have been so fortunate as to get to go the second time are glad of the second chance, but think we are treating those single fellows in Campbellsville class one a little wrong.

I could name some of them. but if the board should want them very badly they could find

Guess this will be all for the present.

Some of the boys will try to give you a few lines each week

Member of Co. 2. Recruit Detachment 17th Infty.

Camp Meade Md.

Go to Church Times.

The pastors of Columbia and vicin ty extend a cordial welcome to all. Presbyterian church, Rev. B. T. Watson Pastor.

Sunday-School 9:45 a. m. Congregational Woaship 11 a. m Evening Service at 7 p. m. on every second and fourth Sundays. Prayer service Wednesday evening

at 6:30. Sunday-school topic discuss-Preaching at Union 1st and 3rd

Sabbaths. METHODIST CHURCH,

L. F. Piercey, Pastor. Preaching 1st and 3rd Sunday in

each month. Sunday School at 9:30 a. m. Epworth Leage 6:15 p. m.

Prayer meeting Wednesday evening

Everybody cordiaily invited to these

BAPTIST CHURCH.

Preaching on each arst and third Sunday. Morning service 11 o'clock. Evening'service 7 o'clock Sunday School 9:30 B. Y. P. U. evening 6:10

Prayer meeting, Wednesday even-Business meeting Wednesday even-

ing before the 3rd Sunday in each Missionary Society, the last Thurs day in each month, 3:00 o'clock

F. H. Durham, Supt. S. S. O. P. Bush, Pastor,

CHRISTIAN CHURCH. Bible School every Sunday at 9.30 a

Judge Hancock, Superintendent. 8:00 p. m. on Second and Fourth Sun

Prayer meeting each Wednesday veningiat 8:00. Official meeting Friday night be

fore the fourth Sunday in each month. Woman's Missionary Society, the first Sunday in each month at 2:45 p

DIDN'T ACT DIGESTION WAS BAD

are proud to think that the world Says 65 year Old Kentucky Lady, Who Tells How She Was Relieus After a Few Doses of Black-Draught.

> Meadorsville, Ky.-Mrs. Cynthia | doses of Black-Draught." Higginbotham, of this town, says: "At my age, which is 65, the liver does not act so well as when young. A few years ago, my stomach was all out of fix. I was constipated, my liver didn't act. My digestion was bad, and it took so little to upset me. My appetite was gone. I was very weak ...

I decided I would give Blacktrouble was soon righted with a few All druggists.

Seventy years of successful use The made Thedford's Black-Draught we standard, household remedy. Example member, of every family, at times, need the help that Black-Draught. give in cleansing the system and lieving the troubles that come constipation, indigestion, lazy Mentels etc. You cannot keep well unless ramestomach, liver and bowels are in seeds. Draught a thorough trial as I knew it working order. Keep them that was highly recommended for this Try Black-Draught. It acts promise trouble. I began taking it. I felt gently and in a natural way. If you better after a few doses. My appetite feel sluggish, take a dose to have improved and I became stronger. My You will feel fresh tomorrow. bowels acted naturally and the least 25c. a package—One cent a drag-

A. G. STITH, Sea.

Louisville

LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits Over One Million Dollars:

those "Class 1." men of Adair Acts as Executor, Administrator, Guardian, Agent Committee and Trustee, and can pualta

as such in any County in the State.

Pays 3 per cent, per Annum on Time Deposits.

JOHN STITES. President. ANGEREUA GRAY, Treas.

Main and Depot Streets

W. H. WILSON, Prop.

We cater especially to Columbia and Adair County Folks. Electric Lights, Baths, and Free Sample Rooms.

RATES \$2.00 PER DAY.

CENTRALLY LOCATID.

Campbellsville, : : Kenfucky,

FOR SALE.

The Church House and lot in Columbia, of the United Brethen, one of the best lots on one of the best streets in Columbia. Church House Bran New. Would cost to build about \$3,000. This Property will be sold at a great Sacrifice. Just about the value of the lot. If

GUS JEFFRIES.

bought Quickly. See

second Sunday at 3:00 p. m.

Z. T. Williams, Pastor. G. R. Reed, Sect. Ray Conover. Tree

Got What She Ask For.

assigned to the great docks in bitin' and gougin' 'em. At one southwestern France had writ- time me and two othah niggabe: ten several letters to his black was hangin' on to de crown-Sussanna in Jacksonville, Fls., prince wid our teeth, an' sle whereupon she wrote back, sayin: papa Kaiser done beat us off wid-

"Youall don't nevah tell me nothin' 'bout de battle a tll. Preaching service at 11 a. m. and Tilda Sublett's Dave done write LEXINGTON, NY., BUSINESS UNIVERSITY her all about how he knocked two Germans all by hisself and kilt three mo'."

> The stevedore was reluctant to tell his girl that he was doing manual labor and that his only accouterment was the tinware from which he ate his war bread.

Ladies' Aid Society Thursday after "slub" and coffee. His reply

"Dear Sue: De battle am goin" on. You would faint if I told. you de full details. Ah'm standin' in blood up to mah knees. and every time Ah move Ah step. on a daid Cerman. We're too. An American negro stevedore close to use our rifles, and we're a fence rail untwell the reemfostment come."-Life.



Adair County News \$150.

At Golumbia, Kentucky.

BARKSDALE HAMLETT,

the Oity of Columbia and the people of [Ad



WED. AUG. 7, 1918.

THE PRIMARY ELECTION.

There was less interest man fested in the primary through out the State last Saturday than any that has been held in Kentucky for years. Not that the Democrats were not heartily in favor of Senator James, but the country people did not consider that he had any opposition and they were busy with their crops

There were something like two hundred Democratic votes cast in the county, Mr. James receiving all but seven.

Judge Bethurum carried Adair over Dr. Bruner by 3 votes, and the former was nominated by the Republicans in the State for U. S. Senator.

In the Eleventh district Judge Robsion defeated D. C. Edwards for the Republican nomination for Congress by about 5,000 votes.

The following is the vote of Adair county, all precincts reporting:

James Kimball Bethurum Bruner

WAR NEWS.

Outflanking move started by Allies. Success means hard blow for German Army. Americans and French push on in effort to force Foe's retirement over wide sector.

Editor):

have begun a turning movement ting off the blunt edged salient that, if successful, will compel a in the line between Romingny German retirement over a wide an Cierges. The salient was sector east of Fere-en-Tardenois made more acute by the Ameriat the center of the Soissons- can advance north from Cierges Rheims salient.

They have attacked over a front of over three miles on each side of the village of Nesles, the apex of the allied wedge north ported in Wild Fight. Ameriof the Ourcg. Their greatest ad- cans rapidly are pursuing Huns. vance was toward the town of Whole forces move forward al-Sergy and approached Chamery. most without resistance, while Although the announced purpose Allied Forces Press hard against interest us so very much. of the attack was the straighten- both flanks-Foe may not ating out of the line between Seringes and Cierges, this is really secondary to the out-flanking of the Germans to the southward. The enemy is holding very strong positions at Roncheres and St. Gemme, where his line is still less than five miles from the Marne, and a continued advance between Nesles and Cierges would force him to fall back rear.

This seems to be the only sector where the allies are attacking with their infantry. Reports from the front tell of heavy artillery fire along the most of the line between Soissons and Rheims.

The Germans attacked the allied lines on the heights of Bligny, southwest of Rheims, Tuesday night, but were repulsed:

from the Marnes began are ershed north of Nesles forest. being followed by the enemy along the line of the hardest fighting. Machine gunners, for the most part, man the lines. This may indicate a further retirement of the Germans, for machine gunners have borne the brunt of the rearguard fighting the last two weeks.

With the American Army on the Aisne-Marne Front, Aug. 1, (8 a m.) (By the Associated Press.)-The Franco-American forces on the main battle front continued yesterday the process of straightening out the line and demolishing barbed wire entanglements which the Germanshave placed through the hills, forests and open places. They scored advances in this effort, the Americans pushing beyond Sergy to within two kilometres of Chamery, on the center of the Marne front.

progress against stubborn German resistance.

a new gas, having a white flame do not notice your flight like you and smoke.

their heavy artillery, their aviators and patrols having reported mile after mile of barbed wire standing along the German lines. The heavy guns soon found the range of the entanglements. 139 Some enemy infantry had dug 136 in behind the wires, butthe lines were for the most part manned by machine gunners. The German artillery reply consisted chiefly of shells from the 77's and 105's. The machine guns, with the heavier pieces indicated were active in an effort to prevent an allied advance.

The purpose of the American and French attack which is in a (By the Associated Press War northeasterly direction, probably is for the purpose of outflanking American and French troops the Meuniere wood and in cutto Seringes.

GERMAN'S ROUTED.

Entire German line now retempt stand until reaching Nesles fnrest. Enemy burning all towns in path of retreat.

With the American army on the Aisne-Marne Front, noon, Ang. 2 by A. M.—The whole American line moved forward to-day while the armies along the flank from Soissons to Rheims pressed hard against the sides of the German salient. Their gains but we aim to reverse this sad were made almost without resist- | feeling in a short while. ance.

Hammered as they have been for days the Germans with-drew 306 during the night so that when Field No. 2, Barracks No. 11, the Americans, who were supported on their right and left by the French, started early this morning they did not encounter the usual machine gun fire.

In open order the men plowed their way through the heavy rain- soaked fields for almost a mile. The indications are that The methods adopted by the the Germans will not make a Germans since their retirement stand until they reach the wat-

Long Island, N. Y.

The Adair County News, Columbia, Ky.,

As I have changed camps, will try and write again. have been here since the 16th of July, and we are liking fine, for we have a fine camp. Our di vision of the service have the same kinds of quarters that officers occupy and we will also have the same on the other side.

We were delighted to get here for we are not doing very much at present, except a little work on some scout and battle planes.

We have the best of officers to be under. They seem just like old friends and some of them brothers, but no favorites are played in this man's army. have had the opportunity to make a few flights, since I The allied forces effected their came here. It is real, real excitement, yet not so dangerous as one might think, as you have Chamery marks the spot where the whole Heavens above to fly Lieut. Quentin Roosevelt fell to around in and plenty of room to his death recently with his air- turn around, and no cops or other obstacles to interfere with The Germans Wednesday used your trip. When going up you do when coming down on a spiral The allies brought into action dive, or a nose dive or just plain old gliding down, as your legs feel very much as if they were cork or you had none. A peculiar feeling I have to say, yet it is great and I like it better ev-

> Herschel Taylor and I are still together and having some good times when we care to. He is driving a truck part of the time and he likes his job well. No hard work to it but we get squadron and platoon drill which certainly makes you real tired as it is hot here and continues to stay that way.

> I guess that there is not many boys now in old Columbia, is

We have 60 Kentucky boys in our squadron of 154 men, and you can guess we rule the proceedings. We are figuring on going over in a short while to London, England, to the largest aviation field in the world and there we will get training in French, British and Italian flying tactics. I know it will be a great trip over to England and then to think we can learn all the languages of the different nationalities and enjoy listening to their war stories as they will

Newspaper reports are looking good on our war reports just now and we hope and pray for them to still gain until the last German is slain and the name erased from the memory of all nations. Think of the sorrow that Prussianism has caused, of the many young lives that have been taken, of the once happy homes, now a place of sorrow,

Sincerely Yours,

Pvt. W. V. Helm. Aero Service Squadron, Garden City, Long Island, N. Y.

Camp Sheridan, Ala.

July 21, 1918.

Dear Editor:

If you will find me space I will write a few lines to the old Adair County News. I was born and reared in Adair county, and my thoughts often drift back to my old friends there. I have been in the service of the U.S. army since June and I like soldier life fine so far, of course I am not much of a soldier yet but I am giving them the best I've got and I think that is all that is required of me. I think every one should do his best to win this world's great war, which I think will be ended when a few more Yanks arrive across the

I am in camp with the Illinois boys, which are mostly strangers to me except one Taylor county boy, Everett Willis of Irene, Ky. Some times I have the blues a little. When I do I just look back at the world and smile and the world will smile with you, so that is the best remedy for the blues. Well I will ring off. If this escapes the waste basket, I will write again.

> Put Charlie McDermott. Co. E. 46. N. S. Inf.

Additional Locals.

Killed in Action.

A message reached here Monday afternoon from the Adjutant General. and directed to James Mc Queary stated that his son, John F. McQueary, had been killed in action. This evidently occurred in the last week.

Yarn for sweaters has arrived. Mrs. Hines.

A very light vote polled in Satur day's primary.

Read the advertisement of the Lindsey-Wilson in to-day's paper.

Food Administration office is over the post office. Prof. Ballard the officer in charge has a phone.

Bennett & Gresham, of this place, delivered, in Columbia, last Thursday, to McBeath & Murphey, of Danville, 380 sheep at \$17 per head.

Markets.

Louisville, Aug. 5-Cattle-Prime export steers \$16@17.25; heavy shipping 15@16.25; light \$12@15: heifers \$8.00@ 11.50; fat cows \$9 @11.50; medium \$7.25 9.00; cutters \$6\\\ @7\\\\; canners \$6\\\\ 6.50; bulls \$7@9.50; feeders \$7@11:25; stockers \$7 to \$10.25 choice milch cows \$90@110; medium \$70@90; common

Calves-Receipts 300 head. The market ruled steady. Best veals \$12 50@13 medium 9@12.50c; common 6@9c.

Hogs-Receipts 2,691 head. Prices ruled steady. The best hogs 300 lbs up \$19 25; 120 to 300 \$19.50, 120 to 165 lbs. \$16.70; pigs \$1850, roughs \$17.80; down.

Sheep and Lambs-Receipts 3,347 head no changes were noted in prices; best sheep \$11 @111, bucks \$81 down; best lanbs \$161@161; seconds \$12@13.60

Butter-Country 28@30c lb. Eggs-Fresh, case count not sold candled 34c to 36c

Woman's Tonic Sold Everywhere

Creek Academy

:-: Announcement :-:

The Fourteenth Annual Session of Russell Creek Academy begins Tuesday, Sept. 3, 1918.

EXPENSES

Tuition,	first, second and third grades	\$1.50		
44 1	fourth, fifth and sixth grades			
.,^ · · · · .	seventh and eighth grades			
. : 66	first and second year high school			
1 66 .	third and fourth year high school	4.00		
, <u>à</u> .	Normal Department	3.50		
66	Expression and Voice Departments, each	3.00		
44	Piano and Violin, each	3.00		
Use of p	piano for practice, per month	.75		
Room rent, per term				
Contingent fee, per term				

Board at the homes this year will be furnished at actual cost of food and service. The item of service should be small, as each boarder will be expected to share in the doing of the light work about the house. We estimate the board for the entire year will cost about \$9.00 per month, straight time, and charge will be made only for time present. Each boarder in the homes will furnish his own bed-clothes and toilet articles. Provision will be made to enable the girls to do their own

laundering at the home if they so desire. For information write,

Romulus Skaggs, Pres. Campbellsville, Ky.

HENRY HANCOCK

your Work Solicited. Special attention Given Country Trade.

COLUMBIA, KY.



Until further notice, we will pay the following prices for SPLIT HICKORY and OAK SPOKES, delivered on our yard at Columbia and Clementsville, Ky.:

Split Hickory 30 in. Wanted

Price per M pieces

On Heart		Depth	Length	A. & B	C
2 3	x	23	30	\$50.00	\$25.00
4	x	41/2	30	175.00	60.00

These Spokes may be white or red timber or part white and part red, but must be good heavy timber clear of defects.

White Oak Spokes, Second Growth Strictly

Price per M. pieces							
On Heart		Depth	Length	A & B	C		
$2\frac{3}{4}$	X	$2\frac{3}{4}$	30	\$50.00	\$25.00		
31	x	31/3	30	100.00	50.00		
4	x	41	30	175.00	60.00		

The White Oak Spokes must be second growth timber clear of defects of all kinds. They must be A & B quality only.

ADAIR SPOKE CO.

E. G. WEATHINGTON, Mgr.

SINGER SEWING MACHINES

RENTED by Week or Month at Very Moderate Rates. SOLD on the most liberal monthly payments.

Old Machines taken in exchange SINGER MACHINES NOT HIGH PRICED CÓMPARISON SOLICITED

We sell Electric Motors for any Machine. Attachments and Appliances for Every Stitching Purpose. Needles for any Machine and the Best Sewing Machine Oil.

Dads your Machine need Repairs? Call, Write or Phone to I have some good bargains in

> second hand Maahines B. H. Kimble,

Adair Co. News Office.

From Camp Bezuregard.

We take the following from a letter received from C. D. Cheatham, who orders his News held here until he knows where he will be located "We do not know just where we

will be sent. Most all of us prefer France to Louisiana. It is sure hot infant getting along nicely. here. The sand storms most puts our

"We had twenty thousand soldiers hardly tell that one was in progress.

here, and all expect to be gone by the

first-class

"The negroes are coming in on every train, and we had twelve hundaed men to come from Texas Sunday night. They take the place of those leaving."

Born, to the wife of Joe Todd, Wednesday, July 31. a son Mother and

The primary was so quiet you could

DEBTS COLLECTED Accounts, Notes, Claims of all kinds collected anywhere in the world. No charges unless we collect, Reference, Farmers National Bank.

May's Collection Agency; om 7 Masonic Bldg. Somerset, Ky,

Local News

Joseph M. Pierce, who is a soldier at West Point, Ky., writes that he can not longer wait to hear from the people of Adair county, and he encloses his subscription of one dollar and fifty cents for the News. He wants his friends to know that he ie getting along all right, and that he has not forgotten them.

Smith's Chapel.

A ten days revival meeting closed at this place last week. There were many conversions, and eight united with the church of which Rev. Granvil Jaggers is pastor. The meetings were attended with great interest, and the good folks of this community are making plans for the erection at an early date a handsome new church house. Rev. John Wilson of Munfordviile assisted Pastor Jaggers in the meetings, and his splendid sermons will long be remembered in this God fearing community.

Green County Killing.

Rollin Anderson and Guy White, two colored boys who were employed by Mr. J. A. Dulwerth as farm hands, got into trouble over their work on Friday, July 26th. Hot words soon came to blows and the Anderson negro struck White over the head with a club. The iick broke the skuil and it was developed at once that he was badiy hurt. He was removed to his home, on the farm of Lee Farris, lingering until Friday night August 2nd when he died. Up to last Saturday Anderson had not been arrested, and it was reported that he would surrender

The dead negro is a son of Pete

PORTLAND, TENN., MAN IS LOUD IN PRAISE OF INDU.

CATARRH GAVE WAY QUICKLY TO REALING INGREDIENSS OF WHICE INDU IS MADE; AD-VISES ITS USE.

J. M Megular, farmer of Portland, Tenn., is one of the latest Indu con-

Working in his fields for many years, Mr. Megular contracted an obstinate case of catarrh. It effected his nasal passages, and the mucous dropping into his throat at night, caused him no little inconvenience Catarrh of the stomach followed.

Other Remedies Failed.

Not a remedy that was suggested was left untried by Mr Meguiar, but none seemed to offer relief. Now and then his head would feel lighter and the stomach easier, but it was not

Neighbors of Mr. Meguiar, who had taken Indu for the same trouble, were so well satisfied that they brought it to the attention of their fellow farmer.

"I can heartily recommend Indu for catarrh of the stomach," Mr. Meguiar said. "It has given me relief that I have not experienced with other med-

"Indu" said W. P. Schaap, "is a re constructive tonic. It commences its work in the alimentary canal, clearing to end it. Most people were inevery passage, so rich, pure blood will overcome stomach trouble, indigestion

catarrh, etc. "Most ail diseases have their origin somewhere in the alimentary canal and it is on this theory that the chemists of the Indu laboratory work. And Indu is knocking the spots out of most ills the human family is heir to. Sleeplessness, restlessness, nervous ness, sick and nervous headaches, backache, liver complaint and kidney trouble seem to give way quickly to this now justiy famous medicine. It seems to strike at the very root of the disease. Since it is made of roots and barks, herbs and flowers it is absolutely harmiess '

For saie by Dr. J. N. Page.

Camp Meade, Md.

The European war as I see it compared to the Civil war.

On Thursday, July 25th, 1918 the present war had lasted exactly as long as the entire length of of our civil war-the period from April 12, 1861, to April 9, 1865. The forces in the field of the end of fighting was in sight. varieties. the Union army, in June, 1861, The movement of Germany in

rian, to "gigantic proportions."

fleet consisted of 69 vessels. Compare these figures with to-day's war statistics. In 1918 our forces have grown to gantic proportions," but these would have new meaning. We now deal with millions instead of hundreds of thousands. The casualties alone at the close of the war in Europe were more than 2,000,000 men. Just as the question of ships was a big prob lem with us at the outset of our part in this war of 1917, even so was the question of ships the great problem in the Civil war At the beginning the Union forces could boast of having vessels, additions came slowly. There was great joy above the Mason & Dixon line when the news came that one ironclad vessel had been completed and was ready to take an active part in the war. But proportionately the need, the anxiety and fear of not meeting it and the straining of every effort to bring the army and navy up to full strength were the same. The Civil war started with an eastern and western front, just as this war started in Europe. In the east the objectives of the two armies were the two capitols. The army of the south wanted to invade Washington; the army of the north sought the capture of White, and he was 16 years old. The Richmond. Both were confident that in a year they would dinner in the cities toward which they were fighting. On the west the battles were for control of the Mississippi. Intensive warfare in the enemy's country was the purpose behind both armies. Just as the end of the first year of the war in Europe saw despairs and dejection in the heart of the defensive combatants, so did the first year of the civil war, being little but gloom into the camps of the Union forces.

> The allies of 1915 had, however, much more to brighten their hopes than did the Union forces of '62. The former had the glory of having beaten the enemy in the battle of the Marne; the latter little or no success during the first half of the struggle. They had made some valuable gains in territory, it is true, but then they were offset by disheartening failure at Bull Run. Before the European war was a year old, Lord Kitchener said it would take at least three years clined to deride him. At the close of the first year of the civil war Gen. Sherman made public a statement to the effect that it would take years to win the war and that the need was for men, men and still more men, asked for 250,000 soldiers to start intensive operations on the western front. In speaking of this demand the people of the North topped their foreheads and suggested that Sherman be removed from a position of responsibility. Shortly afterward it was discovered he was right in that saying, as he has since been declared right in a more popular one. And to-day the world is again coming to the point where it appreciates that men, men and more men are needed to win a war, after having entertained for a long time delusions that

had grown, according to histo- the second year of the war gave the Allies as much cause for The number given is 250,000 worry as the events of 1862 dismen. On the Confederate side heartened the Union soldiers. were 210,000 men. The Union Germany launched her full strength against Russia. Hindenburg and Mackensen swept Slave before them. Before the movement was brought to a standstill Germany had covered and taken possession of about 100,000 square miles of territory with prisoners, food and ammunition, and on the west front their success continued. It was during the third year of the civil war that the Union forces began to see light on the horizon. It was in the third year of the present war that the allies began to gain in strength. The fourth year of each war brought about centralized leadership—the vital factor in the culmination of the civil war and probably destined to be the leading factor in our war of today. Grant was made Lieutenant General, the highest rank in the United States army. His plan was to have all the Union forces "pull together." He assigned to each general one special objective with the end in view of surrounding and closing in upon the enemy. And in 1918 Foch is working out the strategy that he expects to end the greater war. So we must await with patience the results of his efforts.

> Arthur C. Wolford, Co. M., 17th Inft.,

> > Camp Meade, Md.

To the News.

A few words if I may be granted the space in your paper.

Camp Sherman is working now with thousands of new men, mostly Ohioans and they are equally as good as the Kentuckians, though we are proud that the foundation of the 336th Infantry is Kentuckians. We hope to stamp Kentucky's name in the history, which is to be read with great interest, in the future, with the names of the others in the struggle over there. No company, infantry or division has a more capable corps of officers to lead them to victory, than does my company, the 336th Infantry and the 84th division.

I read the News every week with pleasure, by having friends in the company who are subscribers to same. When, if it happens, that I shall became a subscriber. What's the use now when I can sponge off my friends. as is the game in the army. The letters I most enjoy are from soldiers of other camps, as it not only gives me a message from them, but gives me an idea what other camps are doing in comparison with camp Sherman. One thing I especially like to see in the papers is the report of excellent crops. But when they write of the nice things they had for Sunday dinner, then I hang my head and wish I had the fol. lowing for dinner and lunch between meals:

A nice fried chicken, new potatoes, tomatoes, right out of the garden, green beans and peas, lettuce, radishes, onions, celery, corn bread and biscuit, butter, milk, tea and coffee, with real cream, peaches, pears, plums, grapes, and cake, also pies, in varities, apples, watermelons and canteloupes. A menu like that would just fill my capacity some Sunday, for dinner, but guess my conscious would hurt, if one farmer had to furnish it all. Don't think we are not substantially fed. We have excellent food of every

Sgt. E. E. Moore.

Historic Truths Are Shown In

"Draft 258"

Picture **Patriotic** Metro's Exposes "Soap-Box Orators" and "Profiteers"

"Soap Box Oratory" is brought prominently into the story of "DRAFT 258". Metro's great special PA-TRIOTIC production de luxe to be shown at the PARAMOUNT THEATRE.

This seven-part feature starring Mabel Taliaferro in addition to being an intensely dramatic story is a truthful history of our times, taking place beside of its companion "The Slacker"

The activities of Soap-Box Orators in attempting to embarrass the Government in time of war is only one of the phases of America's great struggle shown in "DRAFT 258".

Matthew Alden the Soap box orator not realizing that he is merely a tool in the hands of the German agents, addresses crowds on the streets and corners until the meetings are broken up by the police. When he awakens to the fact, he hurries to put on a U. S. Uniform. But you must not know all of the story, you must come and see it

Thursday afternoon at 3 p.m. or Thursday Night at 8:30 p.m.

\$-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-

And go where I ask you to wander,

will lead you away to a beautiful land— The Dreamland that's walting out yon-We'll walk in a sweet posle garden out

Where the moonlight and starlight are And the flowers and birds are filling the

With fragrance and music of dreaming. There'll be no little tired-out boy to un-

No questions or cares to perplex you; There'll be no little bruises or bumps to Nor patches of stockings to vex you. For I'll rock you away on a sliver dew

And sing you asleep when you're weary, And no one shall know of our beautiful But you and your own little dearie.

And when I'm tired I'll nestle my head In the bosom that's soothed me so-And the wide-awake stars shall sing in

A song which our dreaming shall soften. So Mother-my-love, let me take your And away through the starlight we'll

The Dreamland that's waiting out yon--Eugene Field.

• **Mother's Cook Book**

•

In life's universal garden We have each to hoe our row, And to make life worth the living, We must hoe, hoe, hoe.

Seasonable Recipes.

A most delicious dessert very simple and easy to prepare and one that is most attractive to look at is junket, served in sherbet cups, topped with a spoonful of raspberries or any sweetened fruit and over this a spoonful of

sweetened whipped cream. To prepare the junket take a junket tablet and dissolve it in a tablespoonful of cold water. Warm a pint of milk until just luke warm, like new milk, add the dissolved tablet and stir well to mix it thoroughly through the mllk, flavor and sweeten to taste and pour into sherbet cups. Let stand in the kitchen until the junket is firm, then set on ice. Fresh berries of any kind when crushed and mixed with equal measures of sugar will keep indefinitely when carefully sealed and kept in a cool place. Junket tablets come in a small wooden box and will keep well until used.

Canned fruit may be used for this dessert, but it is not as good as the

Bariey Flour Sponge Cake. Beat the yolks of five eggs very light; gradually beat in one cupful of granulated sugar, then the grated rind and juice of half a lemon. Fold in one cupful of sifted barley flour and the whites of the eggs beaten very light. Bake in a tube pan 50 minutes. Corn

News From Home.



C. D. Cheatham writes from Camp Beauregard, Louisana, his Famous Stallion, Ball Chief, has had a most successful season, and that he is highly pleased with the patronage of this season which has been 50 per cent. increase over the last year's business.

The horse will continue at the same place next season at the price that will be 'very interesting to all stock men.

For further information, address,

G. B. CHEATHAM, Milltown, Ky.

ADVERTISE IN THE NEWS

Motor

We Haul and Deliver your Freight, Daily, between Columbia and Campbellsville, Equipped with large Motor Trucks and New Freight Depot, opposite Post Office. All Country Freight delivered from new depot. Prompt and Courteous Service rendered our Patrons. We solicit your business.

Columbia Motor Freight Co.,

Young & Hutchison, COLUMBIA, KENTUCKY.

Bake in a tube pan 50 minutes. Corn flour or potato flour may be substituted for the barley, using half as

They Are Drawn on the "U. S. Army Postal Service" and Only Domestic Fees Are Charged

How to send money to a soldier in France in case of need, has puzzled many parents and relatives of members of the American expeditionary forces. There are several ways, but a certain and easy one is to use United States postal money orders. They can be cashed readily and easily by any pavee. Here is the way to do it, according to an official statement by Postmaster W. B. Carille of Chicago:

"Money orders issued in the United States payable to members of the American expeditionary forces are made out on domestic forms precisely the same as if they were drawn on offices in this country and domestic fees only are charged therefor. Such orders are all drawn on 'U. S. Army Postal Service' without indicating the name of any post office abroad.

"The orders are, of course, delivered to the remitters to be mailed by them to the payee precisely the same as any other mail would be addressed. It is necessary, however, in any such case that the remitter furnish the fuil military description of the payee, that is, the company, regiment and branch tion how plain it would be through a of the service to which he is attached.

"There are many branches of the U. S. army postal service and a money the decks of the ship itself or from the order drawn thereon is payable at any of them. It should be explained, however, that the postal service in France has been militarized, which means that the distribution of the mail has been taken over by the military authorities. flaged along with the smoke. And on The post office department distributes and pouches the mail in the United States, but the war department carries it on its transports and distributes it to the soldiers abroad. The entire administration of the money order service still remains, however, under the post office department.

"The secretary of war has explained that owing to the fact that the military units were moving constantly from place to place, the changes being | ing for dawn to sheer off and strike. concealed from everybody except the particular commanding officer, it was necessary to let the mail follow the distribution of supplies. No doubt the soldiers at the front to whom a money order is delivered will turn the order over to the company mail orderly to have it collected and the amount thereof given to him. This office was informed some time ago that the payments were made in France in the money of that country."

Tornadoes and

Cyclones

Storms as Defined by the U.S.

Weather Bureau

Weather men define a tornado as a

violent windstorm, with rain or hail,

thunder and lightning, in which the air

masses whirl with great velocity

around a central core, while the whole

storm travels across the country in a

narrow path at high speed. The thun-

der and the whirling motion have giv-

thunderstorm, or from the Latin "torn-

A cyclone, in the definition of the

weather bureau, is not necessarily a

windstorm of great velocity, but rath-

er a widespread storm that moves with

no great speed. Its width may cover

several states. This cyclone, or area

of low pressure-indicated as "low" on

the weather map-gives conditions es-

sential to tornadoes. Many cyclones

never develop a tornado, but a tornado

never develops without the cyclone,

and almost invariably the tornadoes oc-

cur in the southeast quarter of the

low area. About 120 cyclones pass

across the United States each year,

moving in a general way from west to

cause they induce movement of surface

air from the south and southeast, and

the rainfall that makes the great in-

terior vaileys a rich agricultural region

Practically all of the cyclones of the

warm season give rise at some time or

place to thunderstorms or hail or vio-

ient winds. These winds may be vio-

lent enough to cause destruction, but

unless they have the whirling column

of air they are not tornadoes. In the

East it is not always easy to distin-

guish the funnel-shaped cloud, but the

iay of the debris after a storm will

teil whether there has been a twist-

from southwest to northeast. The av-

erage length of the path of destruction

is about 25 miles, and this path may

not be continuous, if the funnel cloud is

not in contact with the earth during its

whole course. Sometimes it rises and

goes for a considerable distance before

Living on Vegetables.

There is at least one family in

England which can snap its fingers at

Lord Rhondda and whose members are

not to be found in food queues. The

head of the family recently wrote to

and family of four have lived for 14

weeks wholly on raw vegetable salads

made of grated turnips, carrots, pars-

nips, beets, cabbages, etc., together

with fruit salads, toast and porridge

and says that they are all much

heaithier as a result. They use nei-

ther tea nor coffee, and grow their

own vegetables, and so may be regard-

ed as the most independent family in

New Asparagus Strain.

A new strain of asparagus that is

tive than the old varieties and in ad-

dition is highly disease-resistant, has

been developed through ten years of

work by a plant breeder in the bureau

Warm Bed Helps.

England.-New York World.

few years ago.

tal pneumonia victims,

Tornadoes almost invariably move

moisture-bearing winds.

ing motion.

descending again.

east. They are of great benefit be- ard."

Archer, National League's Star Catcher, Comes Back With His Old-Time Speed

Jimmy Archer, once the National league's star catcher when he played with the Chicago Cubs, is doing a remarkable comeback stunt in Pitts-

Archer was released by the Cubs last year because a bunch of crippled angers prevented him from throwing to bases with his former speed and



accuracy. The veteran was passed up by the other National league clubs and retired.

Manager Bezdek of the Pirates signed Archer to coach the pitchers this season. Archer soon proved that he could catch and throw as well as in former campaigns, with the resuit that Bezdek is playing him regularly, while the other Pirate catchers-Schmidt, Wagner and Fischer-are sitting on the bench. If Archer doesn't break down there isn't a doubt that he will help the Pittsburgh pitchers and also will steady the whole team.

Dental Truck Is Provided for the United States Army.

The government has recently been presented with a dental truck which is remarkable for its completeness and the ingenuity of its design. It is iliustrated in an article in Popular Mechanics Magazine. Attached to either side of the body and mounted on frames that foid up, jackknife fashion, are tents that can be opened quickly when the car is at rest. These are used as living quarters for the men in charge and for professional work. One is equipped with a portable dental

chair and an oil heater. The body of the car is equipped with a regulation dental chair, a gas-administering outfit, spacious cabinets for instruments, a washbasin, thirty-gallon water tank, rotary pump, etc. Acetylene gas is supplied from compression tanks for lights, a heater and a brazing torch. Storage batteries supply current for auxiliary lights, a dental lathe and an electric engine.

<u>-</u>\$-\$-\$-\$-\$\$-\$ Around the World.

Ohio farmers have been plowing by moonlight and tractors. Spain is discussing a project to tunnel under Gibraltar strait. New York, New Jersey and Minnesota ban German in public schools.

New York magistrate the other day sentenced an auto speeder to a spanking.

Army chaplains are being trained in a school in Camp Zachary Taylor, Kentucky.

Name in the News,

Liaison-pronounced "lee-ay-zon"the name given to the corps of interpreters for the British, French and Belgian armies. The duty of the "liaison" of every description and questioning electrically heated bed seems to dimin-persons suspected of espionage— ish the number and percentage of fa-the eradication of adult illiteracy. Springfield Union.

Whales and Porpoises Are Often Taken for Submarine By the Watchful Gun Crews.

There is peril in being a whale or a porpoise in the north Atlantic these days, according to Nelson Collins in the Century. If you are a whale, particularly a spouting whale, you are apt to be mistaken for a submarine; and if you are a porpoise, you are apt to be taken for a torpedo. There is many a shattered carcass and abashed gun crew. In the phosphorescence of even winter nights a porpoise just under the surface can make an experienced lookout have a moment's suspense. The line of white is a little narrow and a little high for a torpedo, but in the first moment a lookout isn't given to exact measurements. The white at bow, and stern on a phosphorescent night is conspicuous evidence of a ship, though it is a quesperiscope at about its own level. From deck of an emerged submarine it flashes plain. If it could only be camousuch a night in the zone there is the eerie sense of more than one submarine that has worked her way along in the white wake of a slow ship, keeping tab so through the night and wait-That is why, as dark comes on, a destroyer is apt to drop back from the side of the ship and lurk along the wake, seeking its prey also. I remember one velvety black night. Suddenly a great white trail shot across our bow from port to starboard and just a few yards ahead. If a porpoise is too narrow to make a torpedo trail, this seemed too broad, but deep enough. It was the wake of a destroyer that had cut across in a hurry.

A FEW SMILES

Wise Mabel.

Louise, nine years old, asked her mother: "Where is pap going?" "To a stag party," she replied.

"What is a stag party, mamma?" Sister Mabel, seven years old, who had been listening with dignified aten rise to two theories of the deriva- titude of superior wisdom, answered tion of the word, as to whether it is instantly: "It's where they stagger. derived from the Spanish "tornada," a Didn't you know?"



It was the first time that Richard's father had seen "her," and they were talking things over. "So my son has proposed to you," he said, "and you

have accepted him? I think you might have seen me first." She blushed sweetiy as she replied:

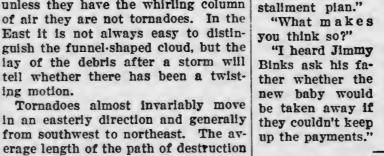
No Danger.

"I did, but I think I prefer Rich-

"I understand, Mrs. Grumpy, there was a great deal of vacillation in your is dependent upon these southerly, family." "Yes'm, but none of it ever took."

A Rational Conclusion.

"The Binkses must buy everything on the instaliment pian." you think so?"



Wife-Your Aunt Maria is coming to visit us, but, really, I don't see how I can find time to entertain her. Hub-Invite your Aunt Eliza and

they will entertain each other telling

about their diseases. Fine. "Is this machine automatic?"

"Absolutely. Needs no attention whatever. The agent says it will even pay for itself."

a London newspaper that himself, wife War Develops There Are Many Illiterates in U.S.

The war has, as Secretary Lane puts it in his letter to President Wilson and the chairman of the congress committees on education. "brought facts to our attention that are almost unbelievable" with respect to the prevalence of illiteracy in this country, ob-

serves the New York World. Nearly 700,000 men of draft age cannot read or write in any language. There are over 4,600,000 illiterates above twenty years old or more. Illarger, more uniform and more produc- literates above ten years of age-the common basis of reckoning-number

5,516,163. Of an army so vast that, marching in pairs 25 miles a day, it would be of plant industry. Introduction of the two months passing the White House, new strain is expected eventually to as Mr. Lane figures, over 58 per cent stamp out the "rust," a destructive dis- are white and 1,500,000 are nativeease that swept over the country a born whites. Immigration is by no means the sole factor in a condition that saps the economic as well as the

mental resources of the country. "An uninformed democracy is not

THE NEW MINUTEMAN

He was working just as peaceful as he used to work at home-That's anywhere you care to name from Galveston to Nome-

He was oiling up an engine, or was toy ing with a spade, When the Teutons took a notion that they'd like to start a raid.

Well, the worker saw them coming-like the spawn spilled out of hell—
And he cocked his Yankee eye at them
and said: "Oh, very well,
If my job is interrupted I'll find some-

thing else to do,"

And he shook his hairy Yankee fist at all the Teuton crew.

Then he hailed a wounded Tommy and he said. "See here, my son, I would thank you mighty kindly if you'd

leteme have your gun;
For those chaps have stopped my working and I feel chock-full of spite, So I guess I'll dig a shelter hole and set-tle down to fight."

He hadn't soldier training and he didn't

need command,
But he knew the proper place was
"front," and there he took his stand.
Like a soldier of the soldiers, like a peer among his peers.
For the credit and the honor of the

Yankee Engineers. And he may be dead or living, but wherever he is found He will sure be facing forward and hold-ing hard his ground;

And he holds his proper station in the hearts of those at home-That's everywhere that you can name from Galveston to Nome!

-C. C. A. Child, in "The Fighting En-

Mother's Cook Book

A bar of soap may become a murderous weapon. A poor cooking stove has sometimes been the slow fire on which the wife has been roasted.

Good Wartime Dishes.

A most tasty combination which was discovered quite by accident is the following: In preparing a potato salad for a small family the addition of two guests made the stretching of the salad imperative, so a cupful of nicely seasoned cottage cheese, which had been left over, was added to the potato salad, making such a tasty one that hereafter we will use cottage cheese with our potato saiad. A pimento had been used to season the cheese, which added to the appetizing flavor.

Gingerbread.

a tablespoonful of ginger, two cupfuls of flour, a half cupful of melted fat, one cupful of molasses, a teaspoonful of salt and lastly a cupful of boiling water in which a teaspoonful of soda has been dissolved. Bake 40 minutes in a moderate oven.

Virginia Spoon Bread.

Add a half cupful of hominy to a quart of water and cook for 25 minutes, then add two teaspoonfuls of salt, three beaten eggs, four tablespoonfuls of shortening; add a cupful of milk, two cupfuls of cornmeal and one and a half teaspoonfuls of baking powder. Mix and beat thoroughly, then bake in a well greased dish 45 minutes. Serve with a spoon from the dish.

Oat Crackers.

Take two cupfuls of rolled oats ground through the meat chopper, add one-fourth of a cupful of milk, onefourth of a cupful of moiasses, one and a half tablespoonfuls of fat, onefourth of a teaspoonful of soda and one teaspoonful of salt. Mix and roil thin, cut in squares and bake 20 minutes in a moderate oven. This recipe makes three dozen cookies.

Spiced Oatmeal Cakes.

Take one and a half cupfuls of wheat flour and oatmeal, one-fourth of a cupful each of sugar and raisins, onefourth of a teaspoonful of soda, a half teaspoonful of baking powder, three tablespoonfuls of fat, one-fourth of a cupful of molasses and a half teaspoonful of cinnamon. Heat the fat and molasses to the boiling noint mix and bake in muffin pans for 30 min-

Nellie Maxwell

Onions Good Disinfectant in Any Case of Infection

Much has been said about the virtues of the onion, but few know of its use as a disinfectant, says the Lon-

don Chronicle. An onion cut in half and set in a room will attract to itself all manner of germs, leaving the air sweet and pure; it is therefore most valuable in cases of infection. You should

take care, however, to burn the onion

afterward. No part of an onion should ever be used for domestic purposes after having been allowed to lie about overnight. The eating of raw onions is a great personal protective in time of epidemic, and if taken with cucumbers the breath is left innocent of any objectionable odor.

New Caps for Yankees.

A new cap without brim or peak, and matching the army uniform in color, is being worn now by all American soldiers overseas. War department statements said the cap not only is more practical than the regulation campaign hat worn by soldiers in this country, but adds to the safety of the men in the trenches, as in the case of officer is to assist in billeting, conducting negotiations, translating messages in physician, announces that an electrically heated hed seems to diministrate democracy." Secretary Lane asks the attention of congress for a bill be worn under the steel trench hele-

Automobile Line.

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W. E. NOE, Columbia, Ky.

G. R. REED

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\$1.00 and Up Rooms Without Bath. \$1.50 and Up Rooms With

300 ROOMS

Equipped throughout with Automatic Sprinklers the best Fire Protection Known to Insurance Engineers.

Beat one egg, add a cupful of sugar, Louisville, - -Kentucky.

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Building Material General

Will Send Catalog on Request.

Columbia Barber Shop

LOY & LOWE

A Sanitary Shop, where both Satisfaction and Gratification are Guaranteed

Give us a Trial and be Convinced.

SKETCHES OF ADAIR COUNTY.

Historical and Biographical that Will be of interest to all Readers of the News.

BY JUDGE H. C. BAKER.

No. 27.

The merchants of the early days of the county bought their goods in Philadelphia, and shipped them through the country on wagons.

They made annual trips to the city to make their purchases. traveling horseback. In can be imagined, that the arrival of a new stock of goods was quite an event to the community.

It is said that one of the first record books of the county, a large one, was brought by one of the merchants on his horse from Philadelphia. The book was very much needed, and the officials could not await the delay of the wagon train.

The older citizens can remember when at a later day the goods of this county, and of the counties back of us, were shipped by wagons from Louisville. The old wagoners prided themselves on their six horse teams. and the loads which they could haul over the roads, and their reputation extended through several counties.

The tobacco raised in the county was shipped down Green river to the New Orleans market. There were raftsmen who devoted their whole time to the business, and were experts in guiding the rafts down the stream. They would return home a foot through the country often walking fifty and sixty miles a day.

At this time Greensburg was a large shipping point, and one of the most prosperous towns in the State. It drew to it a large number of enterprising men who accumulated fortunes for that

For more than half a century after the county was formed most of the clothing on the farms, was manufactured a home. The loom and spinning wheel, and flax wheel, had their place in every household, and were in constant use, The wool was picked and carded by hand; then followed the making into rolls, the spinning and weaving, and after that the cutting and making of garments.

The shoes of the family were home made. When a beef was killed, the hide went to the neighborhood tanner to be tan ned, and returned in leather in the fall, and the tallow was saved to be moulded into candles to furnish light during the winter nights.

It was a time when the shoemaker was abroad in the land He went from family to family making the shoes, remaining at one place until the work was done, and then moving on to another, until his circuit was completed. Somestimes when the family was large, as was frequently the case when there was a lot of negroes, he would be engaged in one family for several weeks. It was expected that a pair of shoes would suffice for one winter. No provisions was made for the summer, as it was not fashionable for boys, es-

pecially small boys to waer shoes during the summer months. However, there was evolution in foot gear, as in other things. The time would come in the life of the boy, and did come, when he was taken to town, and was permitted to put his feet into a pair of red-top boots. Later on came the luxury of "store clothes," but, usually before this came, he was well up in his

The duties of the mistress of the family, especially if it was a family in which were negroes, were more exacting then than they are now. She had of necessity the oversight of all domestic affairs, and there was much to be done. The younger one had to be taught their several duties, and directed in their proper discharge; clothing for summer and winter had to be provided in due time; the sick had to be ministered to even if other hands were provided to do the work, she was the presiding genius of the establishment, and burdened with its management.

The cooking was done in the open fire place, and the chief cooking vessels were the oven and pot. skillet and frying pan. The introduction of the "reflector" marked an epoch in biscuit baking, but to use it a roaring fire was required. The fire was kept over from day to day in coals, or started from flint and

On the farm, the little wheat that was raised, was cut with the reaping hook, later with the cradle, and threshed by hand, or by horse treading it out. When by horse treading it out. When horses were used, it was some times done on barn floors, and often on the ground prepared for the purpose.

The bundles of wheat were arranged in a circle of sufficient size. The horses were put on it two abreast, usually a boy riding one horse and leading another, four to six horses being employed, and thus the wheat was knocked about until it was separated from the straw. While the horses trotted, men would remove the straw, etc., and place fresh bundles in the circle, and thus the work would go on through the day. Afterwards the hand fan-mill separated the wheat and chaff. The grinding of corn and wheat was done on the water and horse-mills. We bave in our mind now, the picture of an old borse mill which was very familiar to our childhood on which many hundreds of bushels of wheat and corn were ground.

In the dry season, when the water mills could not run, grain was frequently brought from adjoining counties, and the old mill would be kept busy day and night to accommodate its patrons. The horses worked below on the ground, and the grinding was done on the second floor. On this floor was the bolter which separated the flour into grades, and from the bran. This was run by hand power. It is a question whether this old process has been improved upon, especially as regards the grinding of corn into meal.

As Adair county abounds in running streams, the water mills were the main reliance for the grinding of grain, and they were erected upon the streams in various parts of the county.

Rudolph Neat, the ancestor of rebuked. the Neat family in the county,

REASONABLE PRICES

We Now Have a Full Stock of Binders, Mowers, Rakes and and Repairs, at Reasonable Prices.

A Full Stock of Wagons, All Sizes, Prices Reasonable

We'll say in regard to above that Reasonable Prices in our Judgment can not be offered very long even by ourselves. Will be glad to quote to any of our friends at at time, and still gladder to sell you.

We have Wire and Wire Fence quite a full stock for these war times Prices Reasonable.

And our Clothing and Shoe stock is a wonder for the times. We have "Old Fashion" Wool Clothes at Old Fashion Prices. Nifty Styles for Boys and Sensible Genteel Styles for Men Folks.

Ginghams and Calicos in the Dry Goods Lines at prices that will please our Lady friends. Also a nice stock of Summer Goods: Voils, Lawns and the Whole Family.

WOODSON LEWIS,

Greensburg, Ky.

built the first water mill on Green ed, and dinner was announced, river in the county, constructing the young men pushed to the tive service has been of the very mile front the French and Ameria dam across the stream at front, and took position to be highest caliber. Neatsville, which was named in served, when Uncle John, takhis honor. He was a man of ing in the situation, called out in considerable property, and influ- a loud voice, "Stand back ladies, ential in his day.

Neatsville was at one time a gentlemen be served." place of considerable business, having three stores, a carding was open to the ladies. machine, a cabinet shop, blacksmith shop, a hotel and saloon. At an early day it had a boat yard, where flat boats were made and launched, loaded with tobacco for the New Orleans

In this section of the county settled the Neats, Pelleys, Winfreys. Mills, Hardwicks, and other prominent families, whose descendants are still found there.

"Uncle John Damron" also lived at Neatsville. He was for a long time a magistrate from that district, and was ninetytwo years old when he died.

Green river has cut away the site of his residence, and runs where he sat when dispensing justice.

When he discovered that the river was making inroads on him, he applied to Judge Durham, who was then in Congress, to secure an appropriation from ed on the shores of our beloved the Government to arrest the ally France. I fancy I can see depredations of the streams. General Pershing standing at The Judge promised to do all in the grave of our National benehis power in that direction, but, factor, "Lafayette" and can alhim a warm friend to Durham.

ladies in a characteristic way, and very much to the discomfit-

stand back, and let the young

It was not long until the way

To be continued next week.

Camp Meade, Md.

Dear Editor:

You will all rejoice with me, on hearing of the wonderful success we and our allies are having over seas.

The inspiring news from France again makes it evident that the United States army following the flag, that has never known defeat, and the bugle that shall never sound retreat, has lived up to, developed and strengthened the noble atributes of self-sacrifice and heroism

which are worthy of the best traiditions of the service and na-

Over a million warriors the standard bearers of our country's flag and honor, have been land-

served for the whole earth. the service, believe in the ability

did inspiration of a God-given road connection. opportunity for brave and loyal the weapons of invincible and the entire battle line. irresistable bravery.

the knights of old, are bearing shattered the morale of the Gerliquid fire, gas and machine not need any improvement. vinced of the eternal justice of fore them. our cause, the rights of mankind our men go forth to victory, until not an offensive but it has prethe world has been safe for pared the Allies to expect an democracy.

Arthur C. Wolford, Recruit detachment Co. M. 17th Camp Meade Md.

The Brilliant Counter Attack.

"Uncle John" died without se- most here him say, "we are the Aisne and Marne rivers, to curing the needed appropriation, here," and now with the second relieve the pressure on his arnevertheless, the promise made year of the war opening before mies south of the Marne, has us the men of America are more been an entire success. More At a barbecue in that neight than ever firmly resolved that than 17,000 prisoners were borhood on one occasion, Uncle our great national inheritance of taken in two days' fighting and John came to the rescue of the liberty and justice shall be pre- 360 big guns with thousands of small guns and booty were secur-The men of our Army are ed, The counter attack was a ure of the young men who were eager to go to France. We in complete surprise to the Germans as it had been most care-When the tables were arrang- of our soldiers, but this splendid fully, concealed from them by

morals and eager desire for ac- the Allies. On a twenty-eight cans have advanced a distance Our soldiers are not at all of from six to seven and a half ignorant of the dangers for miles. They have gotten conwhich they are being trained, or trol of one of the railroads which the hardships connected with is supplying the Germans south combating the trained legions of of the Marne and are seriously the war Lord, but in the splen- threatening the only other rail-

The counter attack has been a service they have put on the ar- most complete success, as it has mour of righteousness, and de- not only destroyed the German fended themselves with the offensive but put the Kaiser's shield of courage, and wielded troops on the defensive along

The greatest effect, however, These modern crusaders, like of the counter attack was that it much for the cause for which mans to a great extent and wonthey are battling. Living in the derfully improved the morals of mud of the trenches, facing the Allies. The Americans did guns, they are daring agonies Their morale and confidence is which make the sufferings of the perfect and in this thrust they creatures of Dante's Inferno never stopped for two days and pale into insignificance, but con- nights driving the Germans be-

> A counter attack is, however, offensive some time this fall when before the successful counter-attack it was not expected to be before next spring.

> The effect of Foch's victory puts an end to the German drive making it a most complete failure. It will have a very bad effect in Germany and a still worse one in Austra. Things are beginning to look much brighter for the Allies.-E Town

For Sale.

Ohio River Salt, 7 bushel barrels, \$4.85 per barrel. young & Hutchison.

ADAIR COUNTY NEWS \$1.50

U.S. PRESSING NEED FOR CAVALRY HORSES

Only For Immediate War Ri guirements, But For the Future.

Mashington, D. C., July 8.—The task Morsing Uncle Sam's troopers is one of the problems of the day. It is not tter of supplying a sufficient mber of remounts for the cavalry m of the service for present day The question of a reserve of the proper type for the future bulks Pergo in the foreground. Col. John S. Pair of the Quartermaster Corps has this most important work in hand for the Federal Government. Col. Fair is in intimate touch with horse condithroughout the United States, and no man speaks with greater knowlof the country's needs in the matther of riding horse type. He realizes that it is from the quick, active famities of which the thoroughbred standbred and Morgan are representathes, that the remount supply must be drawn. Col. Fair's plea for an accelerand campaign of remount production should carry weight with breeders in every part, of the Union and make eager to assist the Government. Think," said he today, "that we

all beguiled into a feeling of seby the census of 1910, which anthat there were 22,000,000 berses in the United States. It was ant until we were at war ourselves the fact struck home that a very proportion of these were draught hereds and that cavalry remount matorial was exceedingly scarce. Transpoet and gun horses we have in abundance, thanks to the importation of Percheron and other draught breeds, but in the matter of the riding horse, shaless and purposeless breeding outadde of a few regions has reduced our standard to mediocrity. There has not that systematic effort in horse production which is a feature of the economic development of most foreign powernments, notably that of France which is generally recognized as a tion for a plan which will be of untold model for the world. The only helpful influence I know of that has been con- ers of the Union. It is our idea to stant is that exercised by the breedand bureau of the Jockey Club in New be distributed to the farmers free of State and a similar organization any obligation. There will be no serv-

systematically in the United the proposition. these have been developed for racing purposes. It is fortunate for this country that this should have been done, as these animals furnish an admirable foundation upon which to alld our war horse structure. Both ive been brought to their high state perfection through breeding and racing texts, and in the process of evothrough which they have passed weak have fallen by the way side. Minro in every breeding venture gives a certain proportion of failures. these trials of speed have developed the heart and lung power of the animals taking part in them. We will therefore not have to breed those qual-The into the riding horse of the future If we follow the lines which success has blazed for our guidance. I am therefore greatly in favor of the breeding activities for the production of the Moraughbred, as this is the line upon which we hope to build a type of cav-

wiry horse. "Of the foreign nations now at grar," resumed Col. Fair, "England was the only country that had not a well grounded plan for cavalry remount production. Her troopers were horsed largely from the recocourse and the menting field, and these furnished the 120,000 head in the emergency followthe mobilization. Today through the generosity of Col. Hall Walker she has her own breeding studs under the control of an expert and a British offiwer wild me a few days ago that the nork was progressing famously. The Race Course the Indispensable

The sires which are expected to sep up the high standard of excelmust prove their right to reproe themselves. They are tested for ed, courage, soundness and bottom. his is the same method which is in regue in France and other Continental tries.

Test.

There seems to 30 an idea in some mares can not be worked prior to motherhood and for some time after focis have been born. Visitors to France and rural England find colts following their dams about the fields the matrons help to till the soil or mener the harvest. Moderate work is eficial for mother and offspring.

Another matter upon which the mer should be enlightened is that ceding operations may be carried into the autumn, when most of the year's work has been concluded. I mother and foal are well nurtured and warmly housed growth will be rapid. and in some instances as yearlings there will be little difference between late and early foals. When our cavalry regiments return from overseas they will have to be rehorsed.

A Patriotic Enterprise. "The breeding of cavalry remounts, therefore, is a matter of patriotic endeavor, and every man who has a mare of the proper type should regard it as a duty to mate her this year. I understand that the New York State Constabulary is doing yeoman service in this respect and that horse breeding the Empire State has been greatly

stimulated through its co-operation with the farmers.

"Early in b. 3 war when Russia made her great offensive and penetrated East Prussia," said Col. Fair in conclusion; "the announcement was made that Germany deplored the loss of 20,-000 choice mares from one of its mest famous breeding studs more than any other misfortune connected with the campaign. I am ready to subscribe to the sentiment that such a number of the proper type of mare would be invaluable to us today. To Germany whose horse wastage is greater than that of any other country, they would be priceless. The Jockey Olub, its ton. chairman, Major August Belmont, F. Ambrose Clark, Henry T. Oxnard and many others have donated or loaned to the Government for a term of years horses of the type to benefit the move-

Horses of Thoroughbred Type the Best. Lieut. Col. M. C. Bristol is another member of the Government remount household who is a believer in thoroughbred blood in the trooper's mount. Col. Bristol has had much to do with the selection of the stallions which have been inaugurated at Front Royal, Va., and Forts Rono and Keogh in Oklahoma and Mentana, respectively. He and those working under his supervision have been extremely careful in making their selections. No uncound or bad tempered animals have been accepted, and whenever a horse was found with a good racing record be was preferred to another of equili-merit in all other respects. New Yorkers had an opportunity during the recent Belmont Park meeting to see some of them when Light Arms, Saratega Roly, Achievement and other horses donated by the Jockey Club's breeding bureau and individuals were exhibited on the stretch.

Farmers Co-operation Essential. In discussing the Government's remount plan in general, Col. Bristol

"There was a disposition at first on the part of some to think that we were engaging in the breeding business in opposition to the farmer. Nothing could be further from the truth. We have no desire to antagonize the farmer in his breeding ventures. As a matter of fact we are laying the foundabenefit to the farmers and horse breedbreed stallions at our depots which will more restricted lines in Kentucky. ice fee and every aid will be given to The only light horse families," re stimulate the production of the proper stimed Col. Fair, "that have been pro- type of remount without any strings to

these for a specific purpose are the "I hope that there will be an inshbred or standard bred trotter, creased interest in the racing, horse show and hunting activities of the country, as all of this makes for the development of the type of horse we Want."

Pellyton.

Crops are looking very good in this community, considering the dry weather.

Mrs. Ben Jones and daughter visited her mother, Mrs. George Dr. Jack Bolin, of this place. Chelf, of Casey Creek, from Thursday until Sunday of last days in Louisville.

nicely at this place.

Mrs. Coy Brockman received a letter from her husband last week, stating that he had landed day. in France safe and getting along

Mr. Tom Jones and family vis- day. ted Mrs. S. S. Workman Sunday. Mrs. S. H. Workman received a letter from her son, Everett, who is stationed at Long Island, N. Y., stating that he was getting along fine.

Miss Rubie Jones visited Laura and Emma Workman Saturday night and Sunday.

Mrs. Henry Roberts, of Taylor county, visited her mother, Mrs. John Mings, last week.

Mrs. Sam Bottom's daughter has been real sick for the past

Buford Sanders and Ruel Jones left for Louisville last Monday. Also Henry Workman left ior Wakenda, Mo., for a month's visit.

Owen Burton and family and Sam Workman and family visited Mrs. Ezra Jones last Sunday.

Mrs. Creed Workman has been sick for the past few days.

threshed in this section last R. O. Keltner. Dr. L. C. Nell is

There is a great revival meet- friends will be glad to know Mrs. W. S, Pickett accompanied

ing going on at Absher chapel, by Rev. Snow and Johnson.

Claud Clements and Andy Sanders visited Jasper Doss last

J. W. Jones has been real sick for the past few days.

Miss Daisy Morton will leave for Sac City, Ia., next Tuesday, to visit her brother Forest Mor-

Uncle Dominicus Hardin has been real sick for the past two weeks. His daughter, Mrs Liz zie Jones, was at his bedside several days of last week, but he s; some better at this writing.

The new church and Masonic Hall will be dedicated Aug. 18 Every body invited to come and bring baskets. We are expecting a large crowd.

Miss Laura Workman visited Miss Bessie Abell, of Casey Creek, from Saturday until Tues-

J. W. Raffety was at Elkhorn a few days of last week.

Mrs. S. C, Brockman was the guest of Miss Laura Workman last Sunday.

Mrs. Nannie Corneal visited Mrs. Milton Workman Sunday.

Glensfork.

Rain is needed very bad in this part of the country.

Oscar Willis, John Kelsay, Johnnie Crider and family and Mrs. Charlie Thomas, little son and daughter, who have been at Lynch, Harlan county. for several months have returned home.

Mrs. Finnis Blakey and son of near Jamestown, were visiting her mother, Mrs. Annie B. Brockman of this place last Sunday.

Carl Taylor and Dallas Stotts were visiting near Jamestown last Sunday.

Miss Cora Kelsay was shop. ping at Crocus last Saturday.

Miss Lena Bolin of Russell Springs is visiting her brother,

H. K. Taylor is spending a few

Elbert Webb and wife were Sunday school is progressing visiting Charley Morgan and wife, of this place last week.

> Ethridge Bennett and family went to Griffin Springs last Sun-

> Rev. Barger filled his regular appointment at this place Sun-

Howard Samuels who has been sick fer several weeks with typhoid fever is improving,

Pyrus.

Rev. Ferell filled his regular appointment at our schoolhouse the 3rd Sunday.

We have had an abundance of rain. Last Monday the hardest rain we have had in years, fell. Creeks were high, washing away fencing, leaving crops on the outside, giving many of our farmers employment.

Miss Rosie Sinclair, Miss Stella Keltner and Miss Ruth Holla day are attending institute a Columbia this week.

Mr. Ed Pickett, wife and two children, of Texas, are visiting relatives in our community.

Mrs. J, H. Vire, who has been suffering for several weeks with a cancer on her foot, spent this Quite a lot of wheat was week with her daughter, Mrs. treating the cancer. Her many

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Opens. September 2nd.

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Fishing Tackle and everything in the line of Equipment for the most ardent deciple of Isaac Walton.

Tennis Rackets, Nets and Balls.

We carry a Full and Complete Line of Base Ball Goods, Bats and Balls that have the stamp of endorsement and approval of the Big Leagues.

> Bycicles and every accessory needed for Bycicle repair. We make a specialty of catering to the Athletic organizations of Schools

Hardware, Stoves, Paints, Roofing and Automobile Tires and Accessories. Sherwin-Williams Paint, Goodrich Tires, Certain-teed Roofing. .

> When trading at our store please mention that you saw this advertisement in the Adair County News.

Sanders & Co.

Campbellsville, Kentucky.

when the cancer will be removed Mr. John Pickett to his home for ing Mrs. G. D. Vance last Sun-

and she will be on the stage of a few day's visit, last week. action again.

Mr. John Pickett, the wellknown insurance man, has been working in our community for a few days.

Misses Victoria Sullivan and Sexton Pricie Coffey, of Lebanon, are on an extended visit here.

Mr. Ed Pickett and family and Keltner, last week.

Miss Daisy Keltner, of .Gradyville, was visiting her cousin, Miss Stella Keltner, from Friday until Monday of last week.

Mr. Porter Sexton sold one young horse for \$160, to a Mr.

Revs. Vance and Piper closed a very successful meeting, at

Mrs. Porter Sexton was visit-day.

Demmon and Raymond Keltner were in Columbia last Satur-

W. S. Pickett sold G. D. Vance two calves for \$50, Also to E-Parsons two for \$60.

Mr. G. E, Nell, of Gradyville, was in our community last Fri-